#### **Today's Weather**

It will be warm, with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly mod-

Daytime Overnight Ĥigh 31 38

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 33, Aqaba 35. Humidity readings: Amman 30 per cent, Aqaba 32 per cent.

6, Number 1757

AMMAN, SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 13, 1981 — DUL QAIDA 15, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### le attack salem

D JERUSALEM, (R) — Eighteen ins were wounded, sly, when a hand as thrown at them outside the old city lem, police said. ical sources said the d endanger a ceasen Israel and Palesation fighters in arranged in July. naintained that the plied not only to its 1 Lebanon but elseice said the grenade n at the pilgrims of as they crowded e entrance of a hop. Shopkeepers aid to the wounded load them into 10

#### s' assn. ces Cairo

s, Sept. 12 (R) ional association of lay called for pro-: the recent wave of gypt. The arrested vell-known advonan rights and most nost eminent lawyternational Associemocratic Lawyers mmunique released sid those detained : no proper right of The repression coninial of the right to a i," the association ie International n of Democratic lls lawyers of all s express their consituation, and their t an end to this parrious denial of the

### nid fears nce

right of personal

pt. 12 (R) - West fficials waited anxsy for the arrival of ates Secretary of cander Haig, amid at a visit he starts torrow could be anti-American vioionities in West Ber-Ar. Haig will make a eech, said they out 15,000 demonake part in a protest resident Reagan's licy and his decision neutron weapons. okesman said tight easures had been pecause you can't demonstration will efully."

#### TO fire at DC-9?

pt. 12 (R) - Italy's authorities are g a report that a ploded near an an cargo plane on a between Palermo - ast month, air con-, s said today. The DC-9, Capt. Eraldo officially reported on on Aug. 8 at a timated at between 16 kilometres from s it approached the Istica, where a civil ished in mysterious ces last year, killing Air control officials I exercises by the antic Treaty Organ-ATO) were taking northeast of Ustica and the U.S. Sixth given formal notice firing tests. But the iring area was well e flight path of the : it approached the th of Sicily shortly ight, they said.

#### oe beats itis to reach pen finals

RK, Sept. 12 (A.P.) g champion John reached the finals of Open tennis champoday with a 6-2, 14-6. tory over Vilas of Argentina.

Haig briefs Fahd on AWACS deal

as Reagan fails to win opposition

been fixed.

change his mind.

Salt Governorate gets JD 190,000 allocation

# Ministers, public meet in Salt to air ideas on development

SALT, Sept. 12 (Petra) — The government has earmarked an allocation of JD 190,000 for Salt Governorate to help it carry out its development projects, Prime Minister Mudar Badran announced here today.

Speaking at an open meeting attended by cabinet members and notable citizens of the govemorate, Mr. Badran said that out of the allocated sum, JD 100,000 will go to Salt Municipality: JD 30,000 to other municipalities in the governorate; JD 15,000 to the Baq'a refugee camp; JD 15,000 for mosques; JD 15,000 to charitable societies, and JD 15,000 for establishing sports clubs in the governorate.

At the meeting held at the Salt, community college, the prime minister called for effective public participation in the development of towns and villages. He also expressed his appreciation of a proposal by Salt's citizens for a law governing reconstruction of Salt, drawing on resources to be provided by the city's wealthy citizens. Inspired by this idea, the government has promulgated a draft law -- the "Law for the Reconstruction of Cities and Municipalities"--which will now go before the National Consultative Council for approval, the prime minister said.

He also stressed the govemment's concern with finding proper solutions for pollution problems throughout Jordan. The government has started by dealing with pollution problems in the area of the Zarqa River, and with material into the river, Mr. Ba-

Factories along the river are now expected to complete the establishment of waste water treatment plants of their own by December, and those that fail to do so will be closed until they comply with the regulations.

On the Jordan Cement Factories Company, Mr. Badran said that it will overcome the pollution problem caused by cement dust from its old kilns as soon as the current expansion scheme of the Fuheis factory is completed.

During the Salt cabinet session. which started at 10: a.m., the prime minister also said that the government will re-consider the farmers' union law, with the aim of introducing amendments to offer better services to Jordanian far-

At the outset of the meeting. Salt Governor Mohammad Al Khatib made a speech in which he welcomed the idea of such meetings with the citizens, to identify antiquities, sports clubs and

what officials here described as his

(Middle East) peace process."

come to end."

slanderous remarks.

the governorate's problems and needs. "Meetings such as this one will certainly enhance the spirit of democracy and strengthen the ties between citizens and government." Mr. Khatib said.

The governor submitted a working paper to the meeting, containing the governorate's requests for urgently needed public ser-

Also addressing the meeting was Salt Mayor Abdullah Nsour, who said that the city's needs are twofold -- including the need for ways to preserve the city's landmarks, and at the same time that for necessary public services, ways of dealing with the current expansion of the city and providing the new districts with services.

Dr. Nsour also submitted to the meeting another working paper, dealing with the city's needs, services and development and reconstruction.

needs. These ranged from com- also 25 telex circuits for Salt Govmunications, road buildings, education and health demands to those dealing with tourism and

agriculture.

In reply to a question. Minister of Education Said Al Tal spoke about his ministry's projects, which this year, he said, include the construction of a building to house the Salt Department of Education, a compulsory-level school, another for vocational training and a secondary school, in addition to expansion of the existing schools in the governorate and building of school laboratories

and a gymnasium. The Education Ministry's fiveyear plan includes the construction of 14 new schools at the compulsory level, 18 secondary schools, 28 laboratories and 42 school libraries in Salt Govemorate, Dr. Tal said.

Addressing the meeting, Minister of Communications Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben said that with the introduction of the National and International Afterwards the governorate's Switching Centre by April next representatives at the National year, Salt citizens will be able to Consultative Council, mayors, dial directly when calling to any heads of village councils and other city or village in Jordan, and notable figures presented their perhaps even overseas. There are emorate, and subscribers can get telex services one week after

(Continued on P. 3)

## The agency said Prince Fahd accepted an invi-Khomeini vows revenge for aide's death as chest-beating mourners attend burial

U.S. national interest.

BEIRUT, Sept. 12 (A.P.) — Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini today accused "lackeys of the Great Satan, criminal America" of masterminding the assassination of his personal representative in chest-beating mourners led by Iran's northwestern city of Tabriz senior government officials and and vowed revenge, Tehran Radio reported.

Seated, from left to right: Interior Minister Sulei-

man Arar, Prime Minister Mudar Badran and Salt

Governor Mohammad Al Khatib face the public at

MALAGA, Spain, Sept. 12 (R) — U.S. Secretary

of State Alexander Haig talked privately with vac-

ationing Saudi Crown Prince Fahd today during a

stop in his three-nation European tour, which later

State Department spokesman Dean Fischer told

reporters that Mr. Haig and Prince Fahd "very

probably" discussed the sale to Saudi Arabia of

advanced radar aircraft, the recent Washington vis-

its of Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and Israeli

Prime Minister Menachem Begin and the situation

The official Saudi Press Agency said Prince Fahd and Mr. Haig reviewed U.S.-Saudi relations and

political issues with the Palestinian question and

Lebanon at the top of the agenda.

The agency said Prince Fabd explained his eight-point Middle East peace formula during the

Prince Fahd last month outlined eight principles

to end the Arab-Israeli conflict, including the

establishment of a Palestinian state with Jerusalem

as its capital and the right of all countries in the

He urged the United States to change its policy

meeting at his coastal villa near Malaga.

took him to Yugoslavia.

region to live in peace.

Liberation Organisation (PLO).

in Lebanon.

The 81-year-old revolutionary patriarch also replaced the commander of Iran's air force, and a government spokesman said elections to replace the slain president, Mohammad Ali Raja'i could be held before the end of this month, according to the state-run radio.

Ayatollah Khomeini's vengeance oath was made in a radio message to the nation as his personal representative, Ayatollah Assadollah Madani, who was the Friday prayer leader of Tabriz, was buried.

Tehran Radio said thousands of parliament members marched in the funeral procession held for 67-year-old Madani, one of Ayatollah Khomeini's most

trusted aides. On Friday a suicide commando approached Avatollah Madani as he was delivering the sermon in Tabriz's Namaz Square and then set off a grenade strapped on his

waist in the midst of a praying crowd estimated at between 600 Ayatollah Madani, the uniden-

## Green light comes back to Beirut's Green Line

BEIRUT, Sept. 12 (A.P.) -Efforts by the Arab League Follow-up Committee resulted in the reopening today of a major crossing point along the so-called "Green Line" which separates Beirut into Christian and Muslim sectors.

The traffic crossing, at the old National Museum, had been closed since past April during fighting between rightwing militias and Syrian peacekeeping

Beirut radios said Lebanese security forces began work early in the morning, using bulldozers to remove the roadblocks and sand mounds which had made the road inaccessible. Despite a lull in the militia-Syrian fighting after a June 9 ceasefire, sniper fire had kept the road closed.

The fighting between the militia forces of the Falange Party and Syrian peacekeepers, which began in Beirut and later spread to the eastern Lebanese city of Zahle, resulted in the closure of all but one of the crossing points between the two sectors of the divided cap-

The Arab league mediation team, known as the Arab Follow-up Committee on Lebsnon, met under Lebanese President Elias Sarkis in Beirut on

Sept. 4 and announced a resolution to ban the entry of all illegal arms supplies through ports controlled by private militias and the reopening of crossing points as a prelude to national reconciliation among the warring factions.

Syria, which maintains a 22,000-man peacekeeping force in Lebanon to oversee a post-civil war armistice between right-wing militias and Lebanese leftists. is represented in the committee which also included the foreign ministers of Kuwait, and Saudi Arabia and the secretary-general of the Arab League.

Beirut newspapers said today the long-awaited attempt to reopen the museum crossing came after a round of intensive contacts among various groups and mediators.

On Friday, the newspapers said, Saudi Ambassador to Lebanon Ali Shaer met with Bashir Gemayel, commander of the right-wing militia, and Col. Mohammad Ghanem, chief of intelligence of the Syrian forces in

So far there has been no agreement on reopening the other crossing points in this city of one million persons where thousands of people cross the line daily to go to tified assailant and six worshippers were killed and 15 others wounded by official counts. But a

viewer who saw a film footage of the blast's aftermath on Tehran's state television Friday night told the Associated Press the casualty toll appeared to be considerably heavier.

Saturday's open meeting (Staff photo by Yousef Al

tation to visit Washington but said no date had

Opposition still strong for AWACS

Meanwhile, President Reagan has failed to per-

suade the main congressional opponent of U.S.

plans to sell radar planes to Saudi Arabia to drop

that 44 of the 100 U.S. senators support him, told

reporters that a meeting with Mr. Reagan did not

ary equipment to Saudi Arabia is also opposed by

Israel which claims the deal would threaten its sec-

Two influential members of the Senate Armed

Services Committee, John Tower and John Stennis,

supported Mr. Reagan and said the sale was in the

A majority vote in both houses of Congress is

Sen. Packwood accused Saudi Arabia of financ-

ing the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)

they can in my mind to wreck the (Middle East)

needed to veto delivery of the planes.

Republican Sen. Robert Packwood, who says

The sale of the five radar planes and other milit-

"The people, with an unshakable will, will take revenge for this latest crime of the vicious hypocrites," Ayatollah Khomeini said in the radio message that was monitored in Beirut. "May God's eternal disgrace and curse befall the lackeys of the Great Satan, the criminal America, which thinks that with such conspiracies... it can weaken the revolutionary will of. the Iranian nation."

In an unexplained move, Ayatollah Khomeini today removed Col. Javad Fakouri from his post as commander of the air force and replaced him with the vice commander, Col. Mohammad Moinpoor, according to-Tehran Radio.

The change came 24 hours after Ayatollah Khomeini named a new commander for his Islamic revolutionary guards with instruction to seek closer cooperation with the rest of the nation's security branches to check the unrelenting wave of anti-government

Nabavi rejects Bani-Sadr's offer

Mr. Behzad Nabavi, minister of state for executive affairs, rejected in a news conference in Tehran today an offer made by expresident Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr to call off the bombing and assassination campaign if the government stopped mass execution of Mujahedeen-e-Khalq guer-

"Of course, I don't have any respect for Bani-Sadr's word, Mr. Nabavi said. "We cannot make a deal. We cannot prevent the execution of a killer ... America takes the life of Raja'i and (slain Prime Minister Mohammad) Bahonar, trapping youths into committing assas-

The interior ministry announced a three-day period, beginning today, for aspirants to fill the presidency in the forth-coming elections. Iran's council of guardians then will determine who from the candidates was qualified to run before a final date is set for nationwide balloting. Mr. Nabavi said the elections might take place in late September.

#### Saudi Arabia reported concerned about Israeli build ip near borders KUWAIT, Sept. 12 (A.P.) - Saudi Arabia has protested to

Washington about the stationing of Israeli warplanes in areas near the kingdom, a Kuwaiti newspaper has claimed. Citing unnamed Saudi sources, the newspaper Al Qabas said the

Saudi government lodged a protest with the United States government about the buildup of U.S. built F-15 and F-16 jetfighters near the kingdom's territory. It said the Saudi protest note demanded clarifications, under-

scoring what is described as Saudi deep concern over U.S. plans to turn Israel into an "arsenal of sophisticated U.S. arms and a storage spot for stockpiling crude oil to be used by the American fleet in the region." The paper quoted Saudi sources as saying Riyadh was upset about

the eventuality of its oil being transferred to Israel which would use it to attack Arab countries. The Saudis have asked the Reagan administration for assurances that Israel will not attack the U.S. Airborne Warning and Control System aircraft that Washington will supply to the kingdom," the

paper said. No confirmation to the newspaper report was available in "Saudi Arabia is determined to prevent any violation of its borders," the paper quoted the Saudi note to U.S. as saying.

CAIRO. Sept. 12 (R) — The has asked Israeli Defence Minister Egyptian government today can-celled a visit by Israeli chief of staff "these irresponsible remarks," Lt. Gen. Raphael Eitan because of the spokesman said.

He added that a visit to Israel by

Sadat might be toppled, Eitan says;

You're unwelcome, Cairo retaliates

the Egyptian chief of staff, Lt. Gen. Abd Rubol Nabi, was also An Egyptian defence ministry spokesman said Gen. Eitan's called off remarks, in which he said that In Israel, officials today peace between Egypt and Israel depended on the continuity of

declined to comment on the cancellation of Gen. Eitan's visit. He had been quoted by the Israeli newspaper Maariv as mak-

President Anwar Sadat, were "slanderous and harmed the ing the remarks to residents of After Egypt's crackdown on Givat Olga in northern Israel earreligious and political dissidents, lier this week. Military officials would not say Gen. Eitan was reported to have

said: "There are troubles in Egypt if Israel had been formally notified and it is possible that President that Gen. Eitan's visit to Cairo had been called off. Sadat will go and everything will

They added they were checking Egyptian Defence Minister whether the general had made the Gen. Abdel Halim Abu Ghazala remarks quoted by Maariv.

the crackdown on dissidents was purely an internal affair and Egypt categorically rejected any meddling in its domestic affairs.

President Sadat has said he did not take the measures because his regime was in danger but to uproot "once and for all evil threats to national unity." In a press conference two days

ago, Mr. Sadat also asserted he would never stifle opposition. "We want a strong opposition

because the (ruling) National Democratic Party is strong." he

The Egyptian leader ridiculed any parallel between events here and the Islamic revolution in Iran.

"Rest assured, we will never have a Khomeini in Egypt," he told reporters.

## MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

#### PLO forces fortified in South Lebanon

BEIRUT, Sept. 12 (R) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) says it has reinforced its positions in southern Lebanon with armoured cars. The deployment yesterday followed an allegation by PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat on Thursday that Israel was preparing another big attack in the area. The move was given rare publicity and Beirut newspapers today carried pictures of commandos from Mr. Arafat's mainstream group, Fatah, manning the column of trucks and armoured vehicles. The PLO did not say how many men were involved. In July Israel mounted a two-week series of ground, naval and air attacks against Palestinian camps in Lebanon. The conflict was halted by a ceasefire on July 24.

#### Dayan predicts Israeli-Egyptian ties will break down

NEW YORK, Sept. 12 (R) - Former Israeli foreign minister Moshe Dayan predicted today that friendly relations between Israel and Egypt would wither next year after Israel returns the Sinai Peninsula to Egypt. Mr. Dayan, who played a major role in negotiation leading to Egyptian-Israeli peace agreements, said: "Egypt will get in line with the other countries (the Arab nations in conflict with Israel)...the Egyptian cannot cut himself from the rest of the Arab World." Mr. Dayan, who led Israel's forces in the wars of 1967 and 1973 and later was foreign minister for Prime Minister Menachem Begin, was here to promote a new book. He predicted that cultural exchanges between Egypt and Israel would stop next year after the Israeli Sinai withdrawal.

#### Arabs undecided on candidate for post of U.N. secretary

TUNIS, Sept. 12 (R) — The Arab states have not decided on their candidate for the post of United Nations secretary general, Arab League sources said today. The sources said the Arab League Council of Ministers which met in Tunis early this week decided to allow the Arab states to

announce their choice at the United Nations. The council discussed the possibility of a joint Arab-African candidate and considered sponsoring Tanzanian Foreign Minister Salim Ahmad Salim. the sources said.

### Turks protest in Hanover

#### against human rights violations HANOVER, West Germany, Sept. 12 (R) -

Turks today tore down an information stand set up outside the Turkish consulate-general in Hanover to draw attention to alleged human rights violations in their country, a police spokesman said. The human rights organisation Amnesty International, which put up the stand to mark a year of military rule in Turkey, needed police protection to set it up again, a member of the organisation said. Turkish consulate officials. who had protested to the police against the stand. denied allegations by Amnesty that they had helped pull it down.

#### Sheikh Jaber of Kuwait arrives in Bucharest on official trip

BUCHAREST, Romania, Sept. 12 (A.P.) - The emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Jaber Al Sabah, arrived here today on an official visit at the invitation of Romanian President Nicolae Ceausescu, the official Agerpres news agency reported. The Kuwait head of state was welcomed at Otopeni airport outside Bucharest by Mr. Ceausescu, who visited Kuwait in 1976. No details on topics to be discussed were revealed in a preview, that welcomed the distinguished visitor and praised the good bilateral ties. Romania has, for some years, been purchasing crude oil from Middle Eastern producers in the face of its dwindling domestic reserves, and Romania's further oil needs are likely to be on the agenda of Mr. Ceausescu's talks with Sheikh Jaber. The emir of Kuwait, who earlier visited Bulgaria, was also scheduled to travel to Hungary and non-aligned Yugoslavia during his East European tour.

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - A three-man team from the University of Jordan's architectural department has just finished the design of a new schematic master plan for the university, and already parts of it are being implemented.

The J.D. 7.5 million plan, which is a carefully worked-out proposal for the future use of the campus, to be followed over the next five years, is not the first to be proposed for the university. Shortly after its founding in 1962, when it opened with just three small buildings and 167 students, a British firm of architects was asked to prepare a plan for the campus. "It was a well-composed design," Mr. Kamel Mahadin, a member of the team, explained; "but unfortunately a very congested one that did not use all the 12,000 dunums of campus site available."

Therefore, after the completion of this early design in 1964 buildings were just added as they became needed, with no official overall plan. The year 1966 saw the establishment of the Campus Engineering Office, which gradually instituted a zonal plan, dividing the grounds into three main areas-social, academic and living. It was designed to accommodate 5,000 students by 1985.

This was, however, a programme that sadly failed to anticipate the monumental growth rate of the university student population in Jordan. In the 1981 academic year over 10,000 students registered: a number already double that predicted for

This sharp increase in the number of students led to the urgent need for more educational buildings, for more accommodation for both students and faculty and for more leisure and recreation space. The president of. the University, Dr. Abdul Salam Al Majali, realised it was therefore essential to have a schematic master plan on which to rely, and for reference over the next five years, when this expansion will be implemented.

So in October 1980, the campus building committee invited a team of architects and planners from the Department of architecture at the university's Faculty of Engineering and Technology to draw up the new plan. The team, headed by Prof. James Turner, a landscape architect of wide experience, comprised two other faculty members: Asst. Prof. Majdi Tawfiq, planner, and Mr. Mahadin, architect and research

and teaching assistant.

#### Harmony, safety and access

"The task of the team was identified as having three broad objectives," Mr. Mahadin said: "The study of the present and future uses of the existing educational buildings and other facilities. the study of the spatial arrangement of the campus, with a view to maintaining harmony between forms and spaces, and finally the provision of a traffic system to ensure both pedestrian safety and easy access to buildings."

After five months of extensive research into existing maps and the history of the university, and many site visits, the team came up with the outline for the new master plan. Discussions ensued with the Ministry of Public Works, the council of deans and the campus building committee, after which certain agreements were reached on major issues concerning changes at the campus.

One of the most immediately felt advantages of the master plan will be the changes it introduces in the traffic system. The team decided to push back the present rear service road, which would give more space for expansion of university buildings and allow for the addition of landscape elements, such as a botanical garden. All the traffic will then follow a one-way system around the campus, leaving the central zone free of vehicles.

Parts of the central spine, on the initial idea of Dr. Majali, have already been converted into a pedestrian boulevard; but much more landscaping has been planned. The central piazza will be transformed into a clock tower square, paved with slabs of massive concrete set in a geometrical design inspired by Islamic tradition. Surrounding it will be arches and mature trees, which the master plan has protected, along with much of the campus' other vegetation. A small archaeological site located within the campus will also be preserved, with its sides terraced to enable the students to sit around it.

landscaped, with seating and campus will be set further back 600 cars.

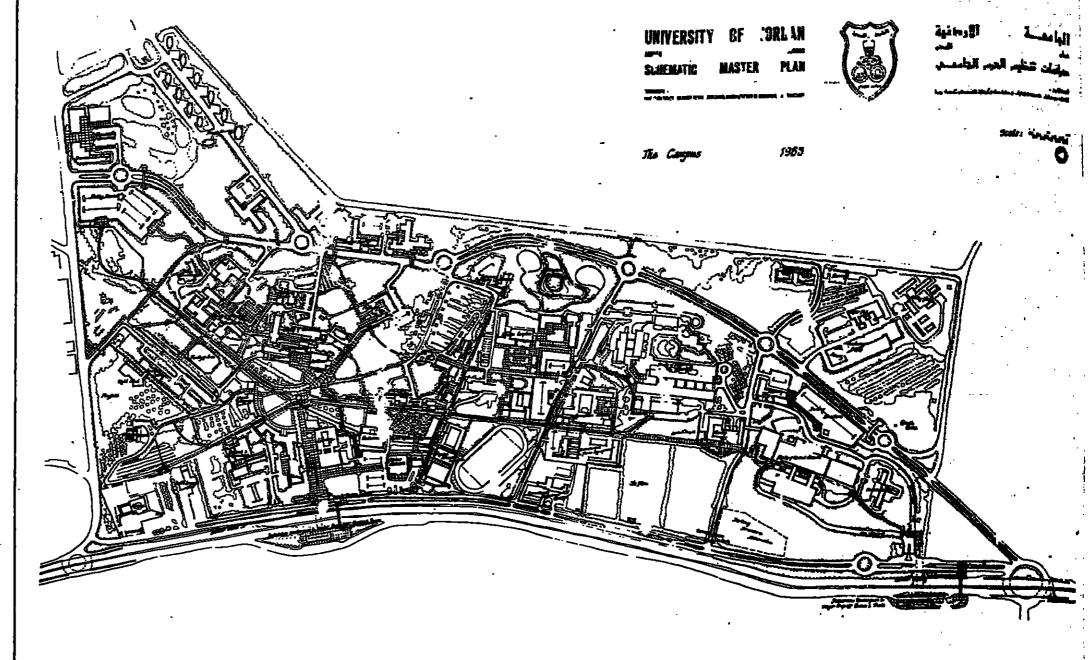


Diagram of the University of Jordan's master plan, drawn up by a team from the university's architecture department

University master plan stresses harmony, safety and access

# for a beautiful campus

arbors, and will be replanted with some 80 different species of flowers, shrubs and trees. Thus the area will become tranquil and inviting and it is hoped that it will remain so, if the university accepts the recommendation of the team

a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. -

6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel.

greater or lesser extent, will be The northern entrance to the southern gate, and will take up to

from the road to make it more inviting and to reduce the present traffic congestion. Situated just inside this gateway will be one of the new car parks, large enough to accommodate 350 vehicles. The other new -- and much needed --The whole campus area, to a not to allow public right of way. car park will be situated at the

To make traffic on the grounds safer, the team has advised the initiation of a regulation system under which offenders of parking rules and speed limits will be fined.

The construction of the new car parks, the southern, cross-campus road and the landscaping are just a few of the improvements recom- of offices and flats for rental.

mended by the master plan. Others include a new comprehensive drainage system, the improvement of the sewerage and water systems, the improvement of the hospital autocircuit, campus boulevard improvements and finally the construction of an "investment building" -- a block

The JD7.5 million cost estimate on the whole plan does not include money already allocated for buildings already under construction: the new clinic, sport stadium and university motor pool.

A meeting to agree on the final approval of allocations for the be built. This will guarant total amount to implement the master plan will be held in the very

begin in earnest.
"The master plan is dye flexible and open-ea Mahadin said. "But it shot fully respected, and referr when any particular structur term satisfaction to both sta and faculty."

27.8

110

260

160

250

170

420

130

120

near future, and work wit

# JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

#### **AMMAN AIRPORT FOR SUNDAY**

#### ARRIVALS: Cairo Aqaba Jeddah Kuwait Duhai Abu Dhabi 9:45 10:10 . Beirut Riyadh (SV) 11:05 Cairo (EA) 14:00 Jeddah (SV) 15:35 Kuwait (KAC) 16:30 . Cairo Athens 16:45 Rawalpindi (BA) 16:45 Tunis, Tripoli 17:15 Chicago, New York, .. Vienna .... Paris Geneva, Brussek 17:35 17:40 Copenhagen, Athens .... Madrid 17:55 . Cairo 18:00 London Rome (IT) 18:30 19:00 Geneva, Zurich 19:50 Frankfort (LH) 19:50 . Frankfurt Beirut (MEA) . Cairò (EA) 24:00 .. Baghdad

#### DEPARTURES:

3:30	Cair
4:30	Cair
6:30	Beiru
	Aqab
8-55	Cairo (EA
0-25	Beirut (MEA
0.20	London (BA
	. Athens, Amsterdan
	Beirut (KLM
9:30,	London (BA
	Frankfur
	Rome
	Athens, Copenhage
444-4-4-4-4	Beirut (SK
11:00	Amsterdam, N. Yorl
	Athens
	Caire
	London
12-65	Riyadh (SV)
12.40	Cairc
13:40	Caro (EA

Jeddah (SV	5:00	ź
Kuwait (KAC		
London (BA		
Abu Dhal		
Kuwa		
Balnain, Dob		
Jedda		
Baghda	9:45 .	Ľ
Cairo (EA		
Dubai, Musca		
Baghda		

#### SER1

Lions Phila every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m. every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1,30 Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meet-

ongs every Wednesday at the Holi-Jay Inn, 1:30 p.m.

#### MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman, Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Yearround. Tel. 23316 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as

costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tues-Has an excellent collection of the

antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128 Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics,

and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the

Muslim countries and a collection

of paintings by 19th Century orien-

talist artists. Muntazah, Jabal

Cairo (EA)	Fajr 3:54
Dubai, Muscat	Sunrise 5:19
Baghdad	Dhuhr 11:33
Bangkok	'Asr 3:05
	Maghreb 5:44
	'Isha 7:10
VICE CLUBS	
	EMERGENCIES
delphia Club. Meetings	

#### DOCTORS: Nabil Muridi 38356 Mohammad Ibrahim Khalil 56294

Zarqa:

TAXIS:

Jerusalem

Abu Sharekh

Marwan Al Gharam ....... 74545 ..... 82938 PHARMACIES: 36730 Al Pharabi 62016 Al Share'

#### 25021 56050 Al Aman Al Burj 61028

39655

**CULTURAL CENTRES** 41520 American Centre British Council .. 36147-8 French Cultural Centre .... 37009 Goethe Institute 41993 Soviet Cultural Centre ..... 44203 Spanish Cultural Centre .... 24949 Turkish Cultural Centre ... 39777 Haya Arts Centre . 65195 Al Hussein Youth City ..... 67181 Y.W.C.A. 41793 Y.W.M.A.

#### Ammai. '4unicipal Library 36111 triversity of Jordan Library

#### JORDAN TELEVISION **PRAYER TIMES** FOR SUNDAY CHANNEL 3

. Koran . Cartoon 6:05 Children's programm (Fang Face) Take Heart 7:10 Programme preview Local programme . Arabic series 9:30 9:30 Sports & Youth 10:15

**CHANNEL 6** . French programme 7:00

News in French News in Hebrew News in Arabic 8:30 ...(Man about the House . Edward the Seventh 10:00 ...... News in English 10:15

#### **RADIO JORDAN** 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

Morning Show News Bulletin 7:40 Morning Show 10:00 News Headlines 10:30 ... Pop Session 11:00 Sign off 12:00 News Headlines 12:03 ... Pop Session 13:03 . Pop Session News Bulletin 14:00 14:10 14:30 French Pop Stars, 15:00 Concert Hour News Summary 16:03 Instrumentals 16:30 Old Favourites 17:00 Listeners' Choice 18:00 News Summary 18:30 Jazz Hour 19:00 Newsdesk . 19:30 Music **Evening Show** 

#### 21:03 .... Evening Show . Close down

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Moment Musical M:45 Financial Review 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World

Style 19:15 Plan 20:00 World News; Commentary 20:15 Letterbox 20:30 Sunday Half-Hour 21:00 Meet... 21:15 The Pleasure's

**VOICE OF AMERICA** 

03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News on the hour and 28 min, after each hour 17:00 News and New Products (USA) 17:15 Critics

إحكدا من الأجل

Choice 17:39 Studio One 18:09 Special English: News/Words and their stories, feature "People in

#### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz

News; British Press Review 05:15 Letterbox 05:30 The Maid of the Mill 05:45 Letter from America 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Jazz for the asking 07:00 World News; News about Britain 07:15 From Our Own Correspondent 07:30 Classical Record Review 07:45 Washington Square 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 The Pleasure's Yours 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 People and Politics 09:45 Sports Review 10:15 Off the Beaten Track 10:30 Religious Service 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 Letter from America 11:30 Play of the Week 12:30 Baker's Half-Dozen 13:00 World News; Commentary 13:15 The Industrial Revolution and the Machine Age 13:30 Short Story 13:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show 14:30 Gerald C. Potter 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Concert Hall 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 From our own Correspondent 16:35 Financial Review 16:45 Letter from America 17:00 World News; Meridian 17:40 Interlude 17:45 Sportscall 18:90 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Being Homosexual Today 19:00 Country

Yours 22:00 World News 22:09

Science in Action 22:49 Reflec-

tions 22:45 Sportscall 23:00 World

News; Commentary 23:15 Letter from America 23:30 Brain of Bri-tain 1981

## America" 18:30 Music USA

cial English; News/Words and their

stories 29:15 The Concert ! (Standards) 19:00 News and Topi-21:00 News and New Prode USA 21:15 Critics Chaice 21 cai Reports 19:15 News Horizons 19:30 Issues in the News 20:00 Spe-Studio One

## LOCAL **EXCHANGE**

04401 11941
Lebanese pound 71.7/72.6
Syrian pound 56.3/57.4
Iraqi dinar 726/731.6
Kuwaiti dinar 1188.9/1192.3
Egyptian pound 376.6/382
Qatari riyal 92,3/92,7
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

RATES

UAE dirham 91.8/92.3 Omani riyal . 968,6/976.6 U.S. dollar .. 336/338 U.K. sterling 600.6/604.6 W. German mark ... .. 140.3/141.1 Swiss franc . 164.1/165.1

(for every 100) .. 58.5/5 French franc 126.7/127 Dutch guilder Belgium franc 145.5/140 (for every 100)

#### USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government)	75111
Civil Defence rescue	
Jordan Electric Power Co. (e	
Municipal water service (eme	rgency) 37111-3
Police headquarters	39141
Najdeh roving patrol rescue	police, (English spoken)
24 hours a day for emergency	21111, 37777
Airport information (ALIA)	92205/92206
Jordan Television	
Radio Jordan	

Firstaid, fire, police Cablegram or telegram Telephone: Jordan and Middle East trunk calls Overseas radio and satellite calls Telephone maintenance and repair service

#### **MARKET PRICES**

Tomatoes	SO.	
Eggplant	160	
Between /	100	
Potatoes (imported)		
Marrow (small)		
Marrow (large)		
Cucamber (small)	220	
Cucumber (large)	150	
Faqqous	110	
Peas	300	
Okra (Green)	200	
Okra (Green) Okra (Red)	200 200	•
OKP4 (R60)	<b>300</b>	
MUMBERIVAR	144	
Hot Green Pepper	160	
Cabbage	110	
Onions (dry)	110	
Garlic	700	
0 -	30	
Carrors	1.70	
Beans	NV.	

Sweet Pepper 120 Apples (Green) 160 Apples (Red) 100 160 100 Apples (local) Apples Apples (Starken) 70 250 200 220 80 120 70 Water Malons Plums (Red) Oranges (Valencia, Waxed) Pears



epresentative of Baq'a refugee camp presents the camp's requests to the cabinet at the open meet-Staff photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

# Cabinet meets the public in Salt

(Continued from P. 1)

applying for a line, the minister

The Ministry of Communications recently awarded a tender for the installation of an automatic telephone exchange with a capacity of 10,000 lines for the governorate, and 37 towns and villages can benefit from the project, he added. He said that the ministry will be ready to open a post office in any village on the condition that there are at least 50 requests in that village.

Health Minister Zuhair Malhas, speaking at the meeting, supported the idea of year-round operations for local public safety committees. The Health Ministry is planning to cooperate with the Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) to use the buildings in North Shuneh, Abu' Ubeida and South Shuneh as hospitals in emergencies, Dr. Malhas said.

Minister of Culture and Youth Ma'an Abu Nowar told the meeting that his ministry's five-year plan includes the construction of a model sports village in Salt, and invited companies and private sector institutions to support the project financially.

Minister of Public Works Awni with Wadi Shu eib and the Jordan Valley. There is another study, on widening the Suweileh-Salt road to four lanes so as to accommodate growing traffic loads, Mr. Masri added.

At the end of the meeting, the prime minister announced the formation of a follow-up committee to pursue the implementation of the projects that had been discussed.

corridor" used by the pharaoh in

his Asian campaign during the

Late Bronze Age, and to examine

sites which could be identified

with names mentioned in the

ancient list. Dhiban, the Wadi

Mujib and the village of Yarout

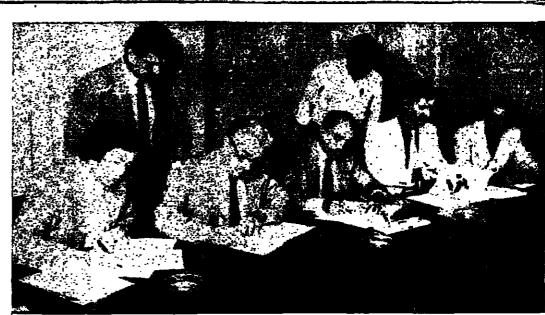
are among the candidates for membership in the list, he said.

Dr. Redford will deliver a lec-

ture on the team's findings at the

American Centre of Oriental

Research on Tuesday at 6:30 p.m.



The signing of the agreement for studies on the Amman Development Corporation's Wadi Sagra complex project on Saturday.

# Franco-Jordanian venture on Wadi Saqra complex

AMMAN, Sept. 12 (J.T.) — A joint venture of the local firm Modern Consulting Office and AART-Setap, a French con-sultant, will conduct studies on the

#### Big carpark planned for Ras Al 'Ain

AMMAN, Sept. 12 (Petra) Amman Municipality has assigned a 15-dunum tract of land at Ras Al 'Ain in southern Amman to serve as a central parking area for vehicles travelling to the southern parts of the

The JD 100,000 project is intended to alleviate traffic congestion within the capital's boundaries and to divert such vehicles from the city centre, a municipality spokesman said.

Wadi Saqra commercial complex and public park centre project to be implemented by the Amman Development Corporation (ADC), according to an agreement signed between the two sides here today.

The JD 235,000 study is to be completed in 11 months. According to ADC Director Sami Rashid. the Franco-Jordanian venture was selected out of 24 local and international bidding firms.

The project entails the con-

mercial, recreational, cultural and sports centre that will also have a public park, a children's park, car parks that will hold 1,200 vehicles. a post office, a shopping centre, a bank, a post office, movie houses, restaurants and other facilities.

The project, to be built on an 80-dunum tract between Wadi Sagra Circle and Al Hussein Youth City, will cost JD 7 million. and is expected to be completed in

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### **NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS**

#### JEA details power projects

MMAN, Sept. 12 (Petra) — The Jordan Electricity Authority EA) reported today that it is implementing three projects aimed increasing Jordan's electrical power supply. In one of these pjects -- at Al Hussein Thermal Power Station in Zarqa -- work soing on to add three thermal units, each with a capacity of 66 gawatts. Another project is at the Aqaba diesel power station, ere expansion entails increasing the power generated by 15 gawatts. The JEA is also extending the 132-kilovolt national if to the phosphate and potash projects, as well as to Karak, an, areas in the capital and in the north of Jordan.

#### Ambassador to Tunis decorated

JNIS, Sept. 12 (Petra) — Tunisian President Al Habib Bourba yesterday decorated Jordan's ambassador here, Mr. Sami Shamayleh, with the Republic Medal of the first order in ognition of his efforts in bolstering Jordanian-Tunisian relans. Mr. Shamayleh received the decoration at the end of his m of service as ambassador to Tunisia. At the decoration emony, President Bourguiba lauded Jordanian-Tunisian

#### 6 firms get fee, tax waivers

4MAN, Sept. 12 (Petra) — The Ministry of Industry and Trade lay exempted four industrial projects from paying customs duty their imported equipment and machinery, and two others from ying income taxes and other types of tax. The six projects, ich have a total capital of JD 1.25 million, were approved as elopmental schemes by the ministry's committee for couraging investment at today's committee meeting under the urmanship of minister of Industry and Trade Walid Assour.

### Labour aide due on Far East tour

vIMAN, Sept. 12 (J.T.) — Under-Secretary of Labour Tayseer sdul Jaber will leave Amman tomorrow for a tour of the Far st. His tour will take him to the Philippines, Thailand, Bangladn and India, where he will discuss labour-related matters with icials, and will look into population activities programmes in se countries. Dr. Abdul Jaber's programme has been organd in cooperation with the United Nations Fund for Population

#### Grain purchase panel to hear report

MAN, Sept. 12 (Petra) — A ministerial committee charged organising the purchase of grain from local farmers will hold ecting at the Ministry of Agriculture on Monday to hear mmendations on the transactions with farmers, to be preted by the ministry's central committee for the purchase of in. The ministerial committee comprises Minister of Agricul-: Marwan Dudin, Minister of Supply Ibrahim Ayyoub and ector General of the Jordan Cooperative Organisation Hassan oulsi. The Ministry of Agriculture has announced that all isactions for the purchase of grain produced in Jordan stopped

#### Japanese senator leaves

4MAN, Sept. 12 (Petra) — Japanese Senator Yoshika Ohtaka lay wound up a week-long visit to Jordan and left for Cuba to e part in the Inter-Parliamentary Union's 68th conference, eduled to open on Monday. During her visit to Jordan, Mrs. taka met with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the gent, senior officials and members of the Upper Mouse of rliament to discuss the Middle East question and other issues. s. Ohtaka also visited refugee camps and toured archaeological

£S

#### Talhouni leaves for IPU conference

MMAN, Sept. 12 (Petra) — Israel's violations of U.N. and er-Parliamentary Union resolutions, as well as its oppressive assures against the inhabitants of the occupied Arab territories d recurrent attacks on Lebanon, will be among the subjects to discussed by the Inter-Parliamentary Union's 68th conference, tich will open in Havana on Monday, Speaker of the Upper buse of Parliament Bahjat Al Talhouni said today. Speaking fore his departure at the head of a four-member delegation to end the conference, Mr. Talhouni said the world energy crisis, cial discrimination and disarmament will be among the other ternational subjects to be discussed by the participants.

#### Karak to see 2 October elections

ARAK, Sept. 12 (Petra) — Municipal elections will be held at 1 Mazar on Oct. 24 and at That Ras on Oct. 18, according to the sputy governor of the Karak Governorate, Mr. Shaukat Al tradat. He said that lists of voters have been prepared for both lections. They contain 862 people eligible to vote at Al Mazar ad 548 at That Ras, both in the Karak Governorate. Nomination f candidates will take place on Oct. 19 and Oct. 13 respectively in he two towns, Mr. Jaradat said.

#### Towns get road loans

MMAN, Sept. 12 (Petra) — The Development Bank for lunicipalities and Village Councils today approved a JD 30,000 an to the town of Husn in Irbid Governorate. The loan will nance the asphalting of roads in the town. The bank also pproved a JD 12,000 loan to the village council of Kufr Hitte to nance the construction of roads.

## to be put into Arabic under new agreement

**Dewey Decimal System** 

AMMAN, Sept. 12 (J.T.) — The Jordan Library Association (JLA) has entrusted Mr. Mahmoud Al Tayyem, a leading specialist in library work to translate the Dewey Decimal System of library classification into Arabic for easy use by local librarians.

According to the association's president Mr. Anwar Akroush, the agreement provides for Mr. Tayyem to translate the bibliography, the indexing and subject classification. Mr. Akroush described the translation work as one of the most important projects implemented by the JLA. It will be conducted in

cooperation with the Arab League Educational Cultural and Scientific Organisation (ALECSO), he said. The translation of the Dewey system will be made available to librarians by the middle of next year, Mr. Akroush added.

### Team walks in the footsteps of Thutmose III

University of Toronto's department of Middle Eastern studies recently completed a three-week walking survey of the hills between Amman and Karak in an

AMMAN, Sept. 12 (J.T.) — A attempt to identify sites menfour-member archaeological team tioned in a geographical list of the led by Dr. Donald Redford of the Egyptian Pharaoh Thutmose III.

> Team member Ernest Clarke told the Jordan Times that in the survey, the team was trying to trace part of a presumed "transit

has been passed on to various

industrial and commercial

businesses in Jordan, encouraging

them either to visit or to take part

Meanwhile, industries which

International Fair have been

granted special quotas by the Syrian government to export

goods to Syria, Mr. Dajani said. He told the Jordan Times that 17

#### Frankfurt fair issues invitation

AMMAN, Sept. 12 (J.T.) — The Amman Chamber of Industry has received an invitation to take part in the Frankfurt fair for carpets, furniture for hotels and hospitals and bedding, which will open on

Chambers of Industry Director Ali Dajani said that the invitation

#### UNRWA chief due on Monday

AMMAN, Sept. 12 (J.T.) — The Commissioner General of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA), Mr. Olof Rydbeck, is due here on Monday for talks with Jordanian officials and senior staff of the UNRWA office in Amman. Following his talks here, Mr. Rydbeck will go to New York to submit his annual report UNRWA's activities and situ-

ation, for the period between

July 7, 1980 and June 6, 1981 to

the U.N. General Assembly.

Jordanian businesses will benefit from the quotas, and are expected to export 294,000 Syrian pounds'

in the fair.

ioint schemes AMMAN, Sept. 12 (Petra) — The Council of Arab Economic Unity's planning subcommittee

Taking part in the meeting are

### worth of consumer goods to Syria. CAEU panel meets on

opened a three-day meeting here today to review the council's economic projects and draw up plans for joint Arab economic

delegates from Jordan, Iraq, Sudan, Syria, Palestine, Kuwait, Libya and North Yemen.

### New U.K. tour operator finds Jordan a natural

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, Sept. 12 - A new British tour operator, Jasmin Tours, based in Wokingham Berkshire in the United Kingdom, reports great interest in its new tour brochure promoting visits to Jor-

The brochure features a varied range of escorted tours and holidays combining Jordan with Egypt, Syria and The West Bank with prices starting at £298 for seven nights at the Manar Hotel in

Mr. Jim Smith, the company's managing director, who has been involved in tourism to Jordan over the last 19 years, formed Jasmin earlier this year. He told the Jordan Times:" Although I was quite optimistic that Jordan was worthwhile promoting as a holiday destination, I realised that some quite big companies had tried and failed in recent years. Yet one small advertisement in a national newspaper brought in plenty of enquiries, and with Egypt drawing considerable tourists, it was a natural to use Alia and Amman as the gateway to the Middle East. "Anyone paying a considerable amount for a Nile cruise can spend a few days in Jordan to see Petra. for very little extra".

The recent news about restrictions on travel to the West Bank, beginning from October, did not deter Jasmin. "It is a rather sad move, deliberately aimed at denying Alia access to the pilgrimage market, and can only cause distress and extra charges to mostly elderly pilgrims, who nevertheless will travell," was how Mr. Smith reacted to the difficulties such restrictions might cause, if indeed they are implemented in October.

One interesting aspect of tourism to Jordan which Jasmin reports is the demand from nearby countries with large U.K. work forces, among whom husbands find Jordan an ideal holiday country to which their wives and family can come and meet up in Amman or Aqaba, for a holiday together.

"Our agent in Amman (International Traders), and I have had a long and very close association over the years," was the answer Mr. Smith gave when asked how British people living in Jordan could find out more about bringing their families to Jordan on holiday.

On a more lighthearted note, Mr. Smith denied in his soft Scottish burr that his daughter's second name -- Petra -- had anything to do with the "rose-red city."

"Believe it or not, it was to please my mother-in-law whose name was Petranella!" he said.

# Advertise by mail in the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently

- 1. Full payment in cash or check accompanies the adver-
- 2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD 6 3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typset by
- 4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.

bring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mail on the following conditions:

- 5. For the minimum price of JD 6, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 6 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 12, three insertions cost JD 18, etc.
- 6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 8 for 40 words and JD 10 for 50 words.
- 7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the from below and mailing it with full payment in cash or check to:

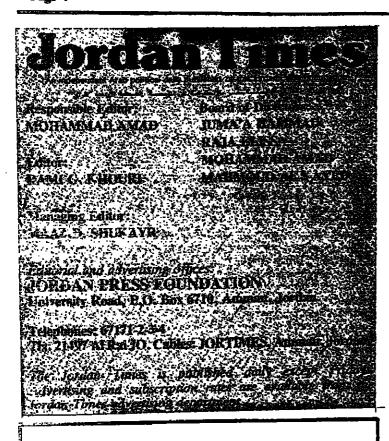
Advertising Department The Jordan Times, P.O.Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

(write one word only per box - please print)

		-	
	•		

Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on ----- day (s). Enclosed is payment of -

Address: Signature:



#### Man in trouble

THERE IS more to what is taking place in Egypt today than what meets the eye. It is most educational to watch the Israeli reaction to the present Egyptian government crackdown against its assorted opponents. The Egyptians are angry because the Israeli chief of staff has said that if Sadat goes, so goes the peace between them, and Egyptian officials have replied by saying the Israeli remarks are harmful to the "peace process". Of course they are harmful. The houseflies in the Sinai are harmful to the peace process, too, given the fragility of the very process itself.

But, it is wrong nevertheless to single out the Camp David agreements as Mr. Sadat's big problem. Who can tell a leader not to regain his country's occupied land? The real problem with Mr. Sadat is that he is trying too hard to be Washington's favourite servant in the area, and it is showing him up to be little more than another Third World "strongman" propped up by exterior forces. Camp David is only symptomatic of Mr. Sadat's weaknesses.

Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin has just concluded a visit to Washington that resulted in a strategic alliance between Israeli and the USA, while Mr. Sadat's visit to Washington last month resulted in much patting him on the back, a lot of pipe smoking and head nodding, many television interviews and a big fat zero where it counts -- the attempt to get the Americans to apply a more rational policy in the Middle East. To the Americans, Mr. Begin is an ally, while Mr. Sadat is good television material. That is the root of the problems that Mr. Sadat is having in Egypt today. Any leader who cares more about what Barbara Walters thinks than he does about his own people's thoughts is in deep trouble. Mr. Sadat is such a

### ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

### High time to get out of cocoon

AL RA'L: Crown Prince Hassan's statement to the Qatari news agency yesterday is a true expression of the thinking and aspirations of Arabs and Muslims. It is a brave call on Arab and 'Muslim leaderships to lead their nations out of the cocoon of bewilderment, out of the present helpless situation and out of the stage of mere condemnation of Zionist measures onto taking objective and practical steps capable of repelling dangers and

it is high time for the Arabs and Muslims everywhere to stand up in one solid front and take effective action to confront Israel's diggings under Al Aqsa Mosque and end its recurrent acts of aggression on the Arab nation and its Judaisation of the Holy City

Prince Hassan's call on the Arab and Muslim leaders to shoulder their responsibilities and confront the challenges should be heeded without any hesitation in view of the impending threats. A joint Arab-Islamic action must be planned now if this nation's interests are to be safeguarded and its rights preserved. It is not reasonable at all to rely on the Europeans, or on other friendly nations, to do our work for us and restore our rights, for their sympathy is all that we can get.

The regaining of our rights is our own responsibility towards ourselves and towards the coming generations.

#### Natural outcome

AL DUSTOUR: The positive outcome of Qatar's heir apparent's visit to Jordan came as a natural result fo close ties binding the peoples of the two fraternal countries. Such ties should serve as an example of constructive cooperation among Arab states for the sake of building united Arab power capable of confronting all dangers and threats.

Agreement between Jordan and Qatar on launching joint economic ventures clearly reflects the serious and sensible attitudes of the two countries' leaderships for the sake of serving the future generations of their people.

Qatar for its part possesses wealth which it wants to employ in social and economic development for which Jordan can provide the expertise, skill and trained manpower. Qatar has always proved generous in offering Jordan and other Arab states financial assistance, and it is time for Jordan to pay back the favour, thus striking up an exemplary partnership and an integrated process of mutual cooperation for the common interest.

Furthermore, the talks of Sheikh Hamad Ibn Khalifa Al Thani with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan showed that the two countries hold identical views on bilateral and Arab issues as well as a common desire to bolster Arab solidarity in the face of . Zionist challenges and support the Palestinian people's rights in

Total agreement by two Arab states on national issues and commitment to support unanimous Arab resolutions coupled with bilateral cooperation for building their domestic fronts are indeed the essential elements for a comprehensive Arab unity aspired by Arab citizens everywhere.

# Heeding Begin's calls for collusion draws fierce Arab reaction



BAHRAIN, Sept. 12 — Joint moves by the United States and Israel for greater military cooperation against what they regard as Soviet expansionism in the Middle East drew angry reactions today from the Arab World.

Arab commentators said the hew "strategic collaboration" agreed by President Reagan and Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin was further evidence of collusion between Washington and

U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig met Saudi Crown Prince Fahd in Spain today and almost certainly briefed him on this week's Reagan-Begin talks in Washington. Mr. Haig said earlier that U.S.-Israeli cooperation was aimed at "threats from the Soviet Union or from Soviet proxies" and not at Israel's Arab

But the Arab News, a Saudi newspaper in Jeddah, said: "One needs no further evidence to prove the U.S. collusion with the enemy, Israel--a collusion which ironically ignores U.S. interests in the region and at the same time encourages Israel to widen its aggression against the Arabs."

Another Saudi daily, An Nadwa of Mecca, said in a front-page editorial: "Reagan's new slip outpaces all crimes committed (against the Arabs) by his predecessors in the White House." The semi-official Damascus daily Al Thawra called for a joint

Arab approach against the Reagan administration which it said was 'tproving day after day that there can be no American policy favourable to the Arabs or even neutral."

The Syrian government news-paper Tishrin said the U.S.-Israeli alliance was directed chiefly against Syria because of its good relations with the Soviet Union.

The official Libyan news agency JANA asked: "If the Soviet Union is as Reagan describes it. how can it be a friend of the Arabs. standing by the Arabs against racist, Zionist aggression?"

Western diplomatic sources said the U.S.-Israeli strategic cooperation agreement could cause some disappointment in Egypt, which wants to assume the role of the major Middle East military power.

Cairo maintains that its military relations with the United States should be on par with U.S.-Israeli ties, particularly after Egypt's peace treaty with Israel.

In Beirut, a spokesman for the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) said the U.S.-Israeli move should help those Arab states which still have illusions about the

United States to see clearly.

The fact is that America sees our region through Israel and through its (Israeli) features ony," spokesman Majed Abu Shrarar said.

The Palestinian revolution and its allies will remain in a position of daily confrontation against Israel," he said.

The PLO has accused Israel of preparing for a major new military offensive against South Lebanon and said that Palestinian positions there had been reinforced with

armoured cars...
The pro-government Tunisian daily La Presse said that implementation of the U.S.-Israeli agreement would mean massive military aid to Israel which will constitute a direct threat for the Arab states."

Kuwait's Al Rai Al Aam said that by giving priority to the so-called Soviet danger over the Israeli danger, Washington was insulting those Arabs who are attached to the United States.

"It was Washington which pushed some Arabs towards the Soviet," it said.

Another Gulf paper, Al Wahda of Abu Dhabi, said: "The success or failure of the American strategy wholly depends on the Arabs themselves, who fully believe that America and Israel are two faces of one coin.

### 'Don't fear we shall be having a Khomeini here'

# Sadat's new tough image

By David Rogers

CAIRO - Stamping down on religious and political critics, President Anwar Sadat has shown a tough new face to the world as he strives to stifle the impact of Mus-

lim militants in Egypt. Although religious fanaticism has been the declared goal of this month's major crackdown, the arrests and purges have raised doubts about how much genuine political freedom will survive.

There are now signs of official concern here that President Sadat, hitherto seen in the West as a peacemaker and moderate, may have harmed his image in the countries whose support Cairo most needs.

The president tacitly acknowledged this when he summoned foreign correspondents to his home village and said he felt a responsibility towards the people of the United States and Europe to explain why he had launched the toughest internal campaign of his 11-year rule.

He again cited sectarian strife and irresponsible political opposition as the reasons for his action. Although he has shut down the opposition's leading newspaper, Al Shaab (the people), and arrested some of its most prom-

ment members, he repeatedly declared he was not silencing the

Isolated by the Arab World because of his peace treaty with Israel and reliant on American military and civil aid, Mr. Sadat has clearly been anxious to assure the West his government is stable. .

He said he did not launch the crackdown because of any threat to his regime. Western diplomats here agree that the president faced no short-term challenge and generally accept that for internal peace some sort of action had to be taken against Muslim hardlin-

But included on the list of 1,536 detainees are names that have never been linked to the religious' strife which developed last summer into bloody street battles between Islamic fundamentalists and Christian Copts.

Among them are former politicians who have ceased to be publicly active, prominent members of Egypt's small and weak opposition, journalists, lawyers and a

well-known feminist. About the only thing they have in common is a dislike of the government.

Mr. Sadat has branded them as traitors. Government opponents held in previous, far smaller round-ups have usually been released after a few days' questioning.

According to official statements, the questioning of the detainees has not begun and even those who may be found to have committed no offence seem to face weeks under arrest. Egyptian law allows the authorities to hold them for 60 days before starting legal proceedings.

In the past few days, Mr. Sadat refute any parallel between events here and the Islamic revolution that swept the late Shah of Iran from power.

Chris Harper, an American Broadcasting Corporation (ABC) reporter who upset the president by comparing him with the Shah, was ordered yesterday to leave Egypt. He was the first Western journalist to be expelled from

Egypt since 1977. As father of the Egyptian family', Mr. Sadat says it is his duty to save misguided sons from joining the numerous fundamentalist societies which have now been dis-

solved and their leaders arrested. 'Don't fear that we shall be having a Khomeini here, the president said this week.

There are major differences between present-day Egypt and pre-revolutionary Iran, not least the fact that Egyptians are Sunni Muslims whose ulema (elders) have closer ties to the state than the more heirarchical Shia sect of

Despite their growing numerical strength, the shadow fun- churches. He has stripped the patdamentalist groups have not produced any leader of national stature. Their 'princes' are little known outside the universities.

They appear to have close ties with other Muslim hardliners such as the longer-established Muslim. Brotherhood or outspoken preachers like Sheikh Kishk, a blind imam who has been assailing authority for decades.

The societies have proved themselves well-organised, putting on carefully-controlled displays of strength at mass prayer meetings several times a year. Sometimes the crowds are measurable in tens of thousands...

Until recently their message on these occasions was muted. In August however a new group, Hezbollah (party of God) surfaced, distributing leaflets containing scathing attacks on the regime and the Coptic minority.

The fundamentalists are at odds with Mr. Sadat on numerous issues. Although the president is a devout Muslim who visits the mosque each Friday, the bearded fundamentalists in their galabeyas (robes) depict him as a wordly fig-

The Egyptian leader who favours immaculately-tailored suits has in turn ridiculed the ankle-length dresses and head has also appeared anxious to shrouds increasingly seen on young Egyptian women, calling them walking tents.

The fundamentalists oppose Egypt's close ties with the United States, totally reject the peace treaty with Israel and talk of a distant day when the Sharia (Islamic law) will be enforced. They say they are prepared to be patient. Some of the hardliners, such as Muslim Brotherhood leader

Omar Telmissani, served years in prison during the rule of President Nasser. 'I am afraid of no man, only God, Mr. Telmissani said just before his arrest. From now on the message from

the mosques will be more to Mr. Sadat's liking. Ruling that politics must be kept out of religion, the government is taking over 40,000 privately-built mosques and tightening its supervision of sermons. Some 65 mosques built by the

fundamentalists have already been brought under the supervision of the ministry of religious endowments. The president will also be able to exert some control over Coptic

riarch, Pope Shenouda, of power, and appointed a committee of five. bishops to perform papal duties. The future of the political par-

ties has not been spelled out beyond assurances they will not be eliminated. But with only a handful of seats in parliament, little grassroots organisation and no newspaper, the parties have no effective voice.

Repeatedly declaring that Egypt is a democracy, Mr. Sadat said this week he would like to see a strong opposition. He has not yet said how or when it will happen.

# Bringing in the consultants

By Dr. Majdi Sabri

ECONOMIC PLANNERS may sometimes feel relieved when a foreign consultant is called in to conduct a feasibility study or to investigate a problem which has, for a long time, presented them with incurable headaches. Their relief may, however, turn into sheer disappointment when they discover that the outcome of the study falls short of their modest expectations.

When such a situation arises, it would be wrong to pretend that the failure of a consultant to do his job well enough is merely a clear evidence of his negligence, or of his incom-petence. Before reaching what could be a hasty conclusion, one should take into consideration other important factors which could also be responsible for that consultant's failure.

The first, and perhaps the most important, factor that comes to mind is the absence of detailed terms of reference which broadly identify the problem, define the boundaries of the study and draw

the consultant's attention to the preferable methodology. Consultants are sometimes thought of as super human beings with long, sophisticated and comprehensive experience who can solve other people's problems in 'no time' at all. using their scientific methods or perhaps their majic wands. Consequently, they, in some cases, are provided with little information and with an exceptionally wide scope of work which leave them with only the slight problem of not being able to read their client's mind. Moreover, consultants are occasionally left unaware of those constraints pertinent to the country's economic and social circumstances which can not be changed and have to be

taken just as they are. The second important factor which contributes to the failure of consultants is the lack of close and continuous coordination with their clients during the study period. The importance of this factor stems from the need to ensure that major decisions pertaining to the study's emphasis and

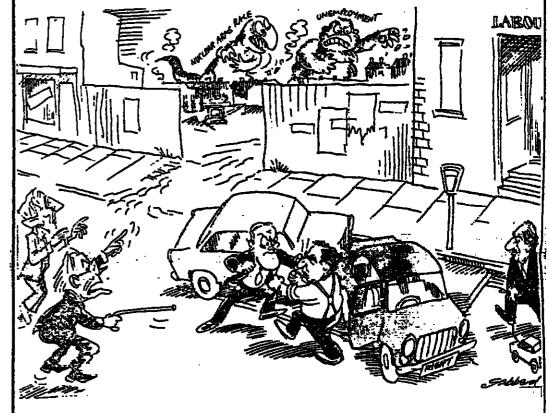
methodology are not left to the consultant's discretion.

The third factor is related to the tendency of some con sultants to present off.
the shelf solutions prepared
elsewhere but can prepared
implemented in this country. Studies with major deficiencies could be passed fairly easily in cases of poor coordination, where the consultant is left on his own throughout the study

Bearing the above factors in mind, it would bardly be surprising if people were shocked to tead a consultant, a teleut that was difficult to comprehend or had no conclusive

What is needed is to treat major studies more seriously, and this is achieved by putting more effort into the terms of reference and by appointing qualified planners on full-time basis as counterparts to the consultants. This ensures that the study will be carried out to our satisfaction. It also ensures that Jordanian planners will be adequately trained to update, modify and eventually conduct major studies themselves.

# More at loggerheads than ever



By Leslie Dowd

LONDON — Britain's trades unions, numerically weakened by the recession, have been meeting this week at a turbulent time in the nation's politics with traditional battle lines being redrawn.

Delegates representing 12 million members, down by some 500,000 because of unemployment and expected to drop by another 600,000. were attending the annual Trades Union Congress (TUC) in the seaside town of Blackpool.

With nearly three million people unemployed, delegates were in a militant mood and resolved to resist future pay restraints and any attempt by Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher to curb their power. They adopted the left-wing

policies of supporting the withdrawal of Britain from the European Economic Community (EEC) and unilateral scrapping of nuclear arms. These moves represent some

hardening of positions by the trades unionists but caused no surprise given the economic and political climate. The congress took place against a background of rapid

change in Britain's political alignments and it may be several years before the results are Recent riots in deprived

areas of industrial towns, widely regarded as evidence of. social decay, have added to the uncertainty most Britons feel. Political commentators

accept that if the economy shows no fundamental improvement by 1984, when the next election is due, Mrs. Thatcher's monetarist Conservative government will have little hope of retaining office. Mrs. Thatcher insists that

her cuts in state spending and other tough measures will bear fruit in a leaner, more competitive Britain. As if to underline her faith

and determination, she is plan-

ning a reshuffle of ministers. Commentators say she will drop several regarded as 'wer' or lacking in commitment.

A dramatic development has been the creation of the Social Democratic Party (SDP) by four former Labour ministers alarmed at the opposition party's leftward drift.

The SDP has already beaten the Conservatives into a poor third place in the Warrington parliamentary by-election and opinion polls suggest that, in alliance with the centrist Liberals, the new grouping could win the general election in

1984. But the question fascinating, Britons is whether Tony Benn, one-time Labour minister of technology and now backed by Trotskyites and other revolutionary socialists, could become prime minister, and as early as 1984.

The Conservative Daily Mail referred to Britain as 'under the shadow of Benn'.

At its annual conference in Brighton on September 27 the Labour Party will select a new deputy leader and Mr. Benn is challenging incumbent Denis Healey, a former chancellor (finance minister).

It remains to be seen whether the left-swinging Labour Party wants him as deputy leader and later as leader to replace 69-year-old veteran politician Michael Foot, not expected to remain long in the post.
But Mr. Benn as a prime

minister of Britain would embrace radical socialist policies more far-reaching than those of France's new President Mitterrand.

Tony Benn, 56, was a peer but renounced his title. A drinker of tea from an enamel mug which he takes with him on campaigns, he displays a deep, some say romantic, feeling for workers.

He advocates withdrawal

from the EEC, unilateral disarmament and state control of industry. 

These policies were adopted last year by the left-leaning Labour Party conference and Mr. Benn says he would

implement them. He also embraces the left's 'alternative strategy' for solving Britain's economic difficulties by increased state spending, mainly on welfare, reflation and import controls

Latest predictions are for a very close contest between Mr. .Healey and Mr. Benn. The choice is made by a new

electoral college in which the 254 members of parliament, who used to choose the party leaders, only have a 30 per cent stake. Local party activists have 30 per cent and the trades unions 40 per cent. The war of words over the

party's future is by British standards vitriolic, with Labour notables attacking Mr. Mr. Healey said dryly of

him: 'ten years ago he thought technology was the answer to all our problems.'

Like many prominent Labourites, Mr. Heale) believes the party's professional politicians must retain their influence over policy if Labour is to win power.

not socialists," he said. Former Prime Ministel James Callaghan recently said 'if the voters are repelled by sectarian dogmatism they wil simply not vote for us.

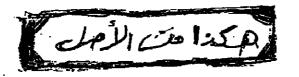
"The bulk of our voters are

Pipe-smoking Mr. Benn rebuffs critics in a related. quiet voice, insisting that the media are obsessed with personalities while he wants to

concentrate on the issues. "If Labour gets stuck with the policies of 1979 which let to our defeat we will remain it the wilderness," he said the

"We cannot go back to was restraint, cuts in public service: and support for the commoi market and nuclear arms."

مكذا من الأمل



# Where children learn to say 'boom' before 'mama'

DICAL STAFF in refugee camps say that stinian refugee children have been pararly affected by the increased tension in mon over the past few months.

speated shelling and other military action by hed a peak in mid-July and led to a death toll included many registered Palestine refugees, cially in the southern part of the country. ne renewed fighting placed an extra burden on United Nations Relief and Works Agency for stine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA) in rering its relief, health and education services.

#### 'Children cry at sight of boats'

E FIRST word the children in the camp usulearn is "mama", but often it is "boom" use they are so frightened of the aircraft that ver the camp, and of the shelling and bombaccording to Eva Bergholtz, a Swedish docorking at a clinic in Rashidieh refugee camp. Tyre, the southernmost city of Lebanon. tashidieh is particularly vulnerable", she "because it can be attacked both from the air rom the sea. Children here cry when they see

3 or planes. When the shelling starts, they are

just like frightened birds."
Rashidieh camp is the one of the Palestine refugee camps in Lebanon which has been hardest hit. Since 1977, the camp has been shelled or bombed about 500 times; more than 6,000 bombs have fallen on it and scores of huts have been destroyed. Dozens of refugees have been killed and hundreds wounded in the past few years.

Dr. Saleh Huweidi, a Palestine refugee medical officer at the Rashidieh UNRWA clinic, agrees with his Swedish colleague in believing that chil-dren are the most affected by the hostilities: "When they are asked to draw pictures, what they draw are planes, gunboats and bombs. The constant danger is imprinted in their minds."

#### Babies born in bomb shelters

THE ATTACKS and the continuing threat to lives have had other serious consequences for the health of the refugees. Dr. Huweidi says: "Many of the camp inhabitants have been wounded and sent for emergency treatment to Al Buss hospital in Tyre. We later do the dressings here at the clinic. Many patients have had amputations; several are blind. All the inhabitants are used to going to the bomb shelters, where they often spend the

"In winter, the shelters are cold and wet, and the refugees catch influenza and pneumonia. In summer, they are hot and full of mosquitos and flies, and the refugees catch gastro-intestinal and skin diseases. Since 1978, 360 children have been

born in bomb shelters."
Dr. Huweidi underlines, however, that the nutritional state of the children is generally good. He says UNRWA feeding centres are particularly appreciated at a time of increasing poverty for the refugee population living in the south: "Tyre is today one of the poorest areas of Lebanon. Men looking for work generally find only seasonal jobs in agriculture, for industry has been hard hit by the hostilities and building, for instance, is at a standstill. Tourism, which was flourishing before the 1975/76 civil conflict in Lebanon, has dwindled and many hotels have had to close down."

#### Thousands homeless

IN ADDITION to economic difficulties, thousands of refugees have been made homeless by the attacks carried out in July. Among the 10,740 families registered with UNRWA in the five refugee camps of the Tyre and Sidon areas alone, the huts of 280 families have been destroyed by bombs. Another 530 huts were damaged during the same month.

Shells have also demolished the homes of refugees living outside the camp, including the apartments of two UNRWA staff members.

Emergency measures, including the distribution of kitchen kits, blankets and extra food rations to homeless families, were taken by UNRWA after a cease-fire was arranged in Lebanon on July 24.

Some families have left their homes in the south during the attacks, but there were no massive movements of refugees searching for safety further north as has happened in the past.

Today around 70 per cent of the registered refugee population remains in the small Al Buss camp, which is part of Tyre. The proportion of the population remaining in the other two refugee camps near the city is about 40 per cent at Rashidieh and 35 per cent at Burj al Shemali.

Mr. Ghassan Hajj is one of those who decided to stay in Burj al Shemali with his wife, his small sons and his grandmother. His parents have gone to Sidon. "I'm here", he says, "because it is better to be in my own house and because renting accommodation is terribly expensive. Of course, my children are frightened of the bombing."

#### Closed because of fighting

IN THE PRESENT circumstances, the relief services provided by UNRWA are specially important, but they have been hampered by the fighting. There was, for example, delay in the distribution of food rations to eligible refugees. More than one thousand tons of flour, sugar, and cooking oil are normally transported monthly to the Agency's distribution centres in towns and camps. Supplies could not be sent to the south for weeks because of ine destruction of bridges across the litary river.

The agency's operations in Lebanon were not complicated only in the south. For three months the town of Zahle in the Beqa'a valley was blockaded, and the transport of UNRWA supplies between Beirut and Tripoli was difficult. Fighting in Tripoli at the beginning of August further complicated the agency's operations in the north.

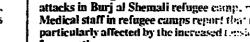
In the Beirut area the situation was marked from April onward by periodic clashes between various factions. Roads between the eastern and western parts of the Lebanese capital were closed by heavy firing and some UNRWA staff could not come to work. The Beirut UNRWA Polyclinic. which is just on the line between East and West Beirut, had to close.

A temporary medical unit was opened in the UNRWA area office in Beirut. As there is only one room available, pregnant women are examined and infants vaccinated at Buri al Barajneh clinic, in a refugee camp south of Beirut.

The main service provided by UNRWA to the refugees - 10 years of primary and lower secondary education -- was also affected. Schooldays were lost in all areas because of the fighting, especially in the Beirut area, where the attendance of children was very low between April 2 and the summer holidays. Schools were to open 15 days earlier in Beirut area this schoolyear in order to make up time lost.

UNRWA's education officer in Lebanon, Mr. Fouad Farah, explains: "We never closed any of our schools, but the attendance depended on the security situation."

The Siblin Vocational Training Centre located in a comparatively safe area remained open. except during the Israeli attacks in July on targets





Palestine refugee children in the rule described because the trying the attacks in Burj al Shemali refugee camp, water Tipe, South Laborator. Medical staff in refugee camps report that the true of dream have been a particularly affected by the increased tension in this monower the past.

**UNRWA** feature



Palestine refugee children and teachers dash from elassrooms to the safety of a bomb shelter as aircraft annuments Rashidieh, the southernmost refugee camp in Lebanon.



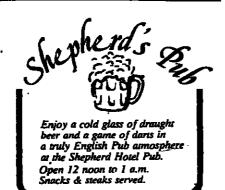
alestine refugee child in front of his destroyed family but in Rashidieh camp. Since 1977, the ap has been shelled and bombed about 500 times. Dozens of refugees have been killed and ndreds injured.

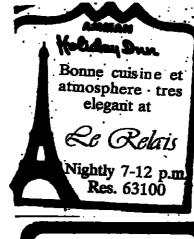
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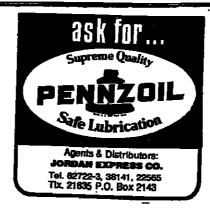




## TRANSPORTATION









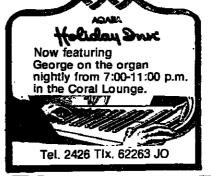


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# ECONOMY

# **OPEC** ministers discuss unified oil price in long-distance talks

LONDON, Sept. 12 (R) — OPEC ministers have renewed consultations, mostly by longdistance telephone, in a bid to reach the agreement on a unified oil price which evaded them in talks in Geneva last month, wellplaced OPEC sources said today.

Trade press reports said several key ministers were to meet secretary in London yesterday. But in London, the Kuwaiti and Libyan ministers failed to confirm this.

Sheikh Ali Khalifa Al Sabah of Kuwait told Reuters yesterday he was in London on business connected with the Kuwait National Petroleum Company. Abdusalaam Zagaar of Libya said. he was on a private visit and had no comment to make.

Sheikh Ali would not rule out the possibility of a special meeting of the 13-nation OPEC (the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) at any time before the next scheduled session

Meanwhile, several OPEC ministers expressed new alarm about the present world oil glut. Taveh Abdul Karim of Iraq was quoted today in the Kuwait newspaper Al Rai Al Aam as saying it was "a dangerous phenomenon threatening the unity and existence of OPEC."

A unified price would ease the problem. At present Saudi Arabia charges only \$32 a barrel and can still find buyers for a huge volume, just over nine million barrels a day (b/d) or nearly half of all OPEC output.

Most of the other 12 OPEC exporters charge more, up to Libya's \$40, and many have been hit hard by the present glut. A slump in world oil demand has been followed by a buyer revolt against the higher prices.

The Saudis want the higher quotes cut in a unified price structure. Militants argued in Geneva last month that the Saudis should raise their low price to at least \$35, price, which he wants frozen for at

but Saudi Oil Minister Ahmed least 18 months. Zaki Yamani refused to agree.

OPEC sources said the present consultations are aimed at reaching a compromise. They added that if a deal can be struck, OPEC might meet in extraordinary session ahead of its next scheduled conference in Abu Dhabi.

But the sources said that Saudi Arabia was unlikely to agree to a special meeting unless it was sure a prior deal had been reached with acceptance of an agreed price for its own oil, the traditional benchmark, and a ceiling for top grades two or three dollars higher.

Saudi Arabia has pledged to cut its output to protect its present \$32 floor price. This means that although top quotes are being forced down, a wholesale price crash is unlikely.

But Sheikh Yamani, who has a strong hand in the OPEC bargaining, has also said no deal should increase the average oil

The Saudi minister is to address an oil seminar at Oxford, England, next week. Gulf sources said he was already in Britain, although reporters could not contact him.

The current OPEC president. Oil Minister Subroto of Indonesia. is also due to attend the seminar. He told reporters in Jakarta today he welcomed moves for an early OPEC meeting.

Press reports said the ministers of Kuwait and four countries which have held out against price reductions -- Algeria, Libva, Iraq and Venezuela -- were to meet in London yesterday. But a Reuter correspondent contacted Venezuela's Humberto Calderon Berti by telephone in Mexico yesterday.

OPEC sources said ministers had mostly been keeping in touch by telephone although the Kuwaiti minister saw Sheikh Yamani in Saudi Arabia last week.

## Japan to mix oil, coal to generate electricity

TOKYO, Sept. 12 (R) - Japanese power stations are to start using 2 fuel made from coal and oil as part of efforts to lessen the country's heavy dependence on oil, an electricity generating company said today.

The Tokyo electric power company, one of Japan's 10 power companies, said it would convert two oil-burning plants at Yokosuka to use a coal-oil mixture called COM in 1984 and 1985. It said the new fuel would reduce fuel oil consumption at the plants by about a third, or 1.86 million barrels a year.

The power stations would have anti-pollution equipment to remove sulphur and dust.

The company said the new fuel was as easy as oil to transport and store and had been developed by the semi-official Electric Power Development Company (EPDC) at its COM pilot plant in

An EPDC spokesman told Reuters that COM was a mixture of

oil and pulverised steaming coal in a 50-50 weight ratio, as well as a chemical to prevent the fuel from solidifying and the pulverised coal from settling.

He refused to give further details of the chemical.

The fuel will be produce at Onahama, in northern Japan, by the Japan COM Company, a joint venture of the two power companies and five other firms.

A spokesman for Japan COM told Reuters that the plant would initially produce 900,000 tonnes of COM a year.

The world's first COM tanker with a loading capacity of 5,000 to 10,000 tonnes would be built to ship the fuel to Yokosuka, he

He said Japan COM planned to produce five million tonnes a year by 1988 and it expected other power plants to use the fuel in

#### diamond industry Israel to aid its ailing

JERUSALEM. Sept. 12 (R) -The Israeli government together with a number of banks and the diamond manufacturers association will set up a multi-million dollar credit fund to aid the nation's ailing diamond industry.

Representatives of the commerce and industry ministry, the Bank of Israel and the manufacturers told reporters that the new fund would provide guarantees worth millions of dollars to

diamond merchants who at present could not raise enough credit to prepare diamonds for sale. Merchants would also receive

credit at reduced rates. Details of the new fund as well as further steps to help the industry would be worked out in the near future, the representatives

The move followed a memorandum submitted to the commerce and industry ministry a rise in the price of Israeli

by diamond merchants who said they might have to close down the industry, one of Israel's principal. exporters, unless they received financial assistance.

A diamond manufacturers' representative said the Israelis had been badly hit by the worldwide slump in gem sales.

He said the sharp drop in the value of European currencies against the U.S. dollar had caused

The fall in value of the Belgian

diamonds, which are sold on a doL

franc had made it impossible for the Israeli industry to compete with one of its chief competitors

The Israeli merchants are asking for an adjustment in the rate of exchange to reflect the premium gained by the Belgians over the

# Why airborne access to Berlin is a fragile proposition

By Roger Boyes

In the cut-throat world of airline competition, cries of "foul" are often heard when one company feels it has been victim of a possibly-biased government ruling favouring a rival.

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Just such a cry has come from competition with Pan American Air Berlin, a tiny U.S. airline trying to break into the exclusive system of scheduled air routes linking West Germany with Berlin.

The objection centres on the rejection of its application to operate a scheduled service between Frankfurt and Berlin in

The route is one of the most prized in what must be the Westem world's most curious regional airline system - the IGS, or internal German services. Under this system only airlines designated by West Berlin's occupying powers -

the U.S., Britain, the Soviet Union and, to a lesser extent, France -may operate services linking Germany's larger cities with a divided and isolated former capital of the Reich.

In the case of West Germany, from which the Soviet Union is excluded, this has meant the routes have been dominated by British Airways and Pan Am, with token services by Air France, to the virtual exclusion of other competition. Under the post-war four-power agreement set up to protect air access to Berlin, not even German airlines such as

Lufthansa are allowed to operate. Since the routes operate over Soviet airspace, Soviet Government approval is required. This permits low-level commercial flights from West Ger-

22.9.1981. Details please.

linking Berlin with Hamburg. Hanover and Frankfurt.

Flights from other parts of Germany or overseas must be directed along one of those three corridors. Air Berlin's set-back has highlighted the political and commercial vulnerability of West Berlin and touches at the root of East-West relations.

The crucial criterion for IGS is the security and reliability of service: can airlines working the Berlin routes guarantee they will not suddenly stop, thus endangering Western air access to West Berlin?

Air Berlin, a subsidiary of Lelco of Oregon, argues that if the number of flights to Berlin are increased, the security of the city is increased. If, as Air Berlin has proposed, significantly cheaper

many over three narrow corridors fares are offered, the population of Berlin benefits.

Pan Am and British Airways in reports to the allied civil air attaches in Bonn -- maintained that to allow Air Berlin to operate a scheduled Berlin route would unleash a fare-cutting war and perhaps force them to reduce services. This would harm the security of access to Berlin. Both carriers offer cheap fares and the routes are not thought to be profitable although they are subsidised.

The allied Governments appear to have agreed with the arguments out forward by the two.

In a rejection letter to Mr. John MacDonald, president of Air Berlin, the U.S. air attache wrote: "The three powers and the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany support the value of competition in principle. However ... the attaches note that any carrier on the Inner German Services must demonstrate a credible commitment to maintain stable services in bad times as well as

This phrasing echoes that used in the two reports by Pan Am and British Airways. This similarity has reinforced the belief of som Air Berlin executives that the Am's criticisms, yet the allies did

have been acting more to protect a commercial monopoly than to

defend Berlin's political security. That conviction gains some support from the remarkable speed with which the application was rejected. On May 29, Air Berlin, which

does operate Berlin charters and a scheduled flight linking from Orlando, Florida, to Brussels and Berlin, applied for a Frankfurt --Berlin - Frankfurt route to compete with Pan Am.

By June 30, Pan Am produced a rebuttal, followed three days later by a submission from British Airways and Air France.

Air Berlin was asked to reply to suggestions that it was trying to minimise charter losses by breaking into its scheduled routes.

It replied on July 23, but within five days the application was rejected. What has irritated Air Berlin is that a few days after the rejection, on July 31, the U.S. Civil Aeronautics Board in Washington issued formal approval recognising Air Berlin's ability to act as a scheduled airline, describing it as a "fit carrier." This

allies care little about the "value" not wait the extra few days for the of competition" and that they ruling which might have swayed the case.

The allies have refused to com-

ment in detail on the reasons for making their decision with such Whatever the motives in this wrangle, interesting elements have emerged about Berlin's pre-

carious dependence on the hardnosed world of commerce. High fuel costs, and cheap fares offered by Britain's Laker Airways, have squeezed the charter trade in Berlin. Air Berlin con-

for expanding into scheduled ser-While Pan Am argues that Air Berlin is trying to "skim the cream" off the Frankfurt route, it is only this lucrative route that allows Pan Am to operate other

cedes that this one of the motives

less popular services to Berlin. Both Pan Am and British Airways are determined to hold the. line on price cutting. Bidding for routes on the strength of lower fares bas been "disastrous" according to Pan Am. "The results of this development are clear for all to see. For instance in 1980, on the North Atlantic, only one carrier. TWA, had an operating pro-

fit and that was minimal." There is no doubt that the Big Two have a lot at stake in maintaining their route exclusivity. Pan

anniversary in Berlin last May, estimates it has carried 40 million passengers on IGS in that time. It operates 70 flights a day between Berlin and other West German

British Airways marked its 35th anniversary on the IGS on September 1. It has carried some 25 million passengers and is operating 50 flights a day. The British carrier and Dan Air are both displeased at last week's Civil Avistion Authority allowing Laker Airways to operate a London-Berlin service. British Airways says it will lose £1.5 million (\$2.75 million) a year in revenue and Dan Air, a much larger charter into Berlin than Laker, is considering appealing against the decision. Charter services are a matter of commercial whim and do not offer the security guarantees of

flights have to be guarded for ear that price cutting and the current financial instability of carriers. such as Pan Am, will force them to rein in their services. Berliners who have lived through the Soviet air blockade of

scheduled services, yet scheduled

the Cold War know how important such flight links are, but it comes as a shock to them to find out that one of the most important pillars of the East-West relationship is based on such shaky

Financial Times news feature

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foundations Am, which marked its 35th

U.N. code stuck with bureaucracy

**ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS** 

GENEVA, Sept. 12 (R) — The completion of a United Nations. code on the conduct of multinational companies is being held up by problems over government takeovers and compensation, the chairman of a U.N. commission has said. Indian diplomat N.K. Sen Gupta told a news conference that more than 50 of the code's 70 articles had been agreed by the U.N. commission on transnational corporations in a two-week session which ended today. He said further work had to be done on whether a government has the right to nationalise a transnational and what compensation it should pay before a final draft of the voluntary code could be presented to the next meeting in Manila in a year's time.

EEC boosts foreign aid

PARIS, Sept. 12 (R) — The 10 European Common Market countries have agreed to boost their aid contributions to the world's poorest nations to 0.15 per cent of their Gross National Product (GNP) at a U.N. conference here, conference sources said. No deadline was set for the increase but details of the agreement would be presented at the closing session of the United Nations conference on least developed countries on Monday, the sources added. The plenary session of the two-week conference ended yesterday in apparent deadlock over the aid increases with major industrial nations such as the U.S., West Germany and Britain failing to agree on the 0.15 per cent objective proposed by the Group of 77, a block of developing countries at the U.N.

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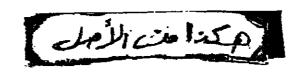
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A man and a woman protestor

who were dressed as clowns were

caught in one police charge and

left lying on the ground. They

were taken away by ambulance

after a supporting brace had been

placed around the woman's neck.

felled by a flour bomb but was

apparently unhurt. The two peo-

ple who flew over the stadium dur-

ing the game were arrested after

A policeman with a serious eye

injury was lifted out of the stadium

by helicopter during the match. Other policemen suffered broken

bones and one lost part of a finger,

tour has bitterly divided New Zea-

landers and provoked numerous

demonstrations. One provincial

match was cancelled after pro-

Prime Minister Robert Mul-

doon, who opposed the tour but

refused to deny visas to the South

Africans, told the Auckland Star

newspaper today: "I said the

Springbok tour would be a dis-

aster and I believe I was right."

marathon race

PEKING, Sept. 12 (A.P.) -

More than 80 runners from 12

countries will compete in China's

first International Marathon race

Sept. 27, up and down Peking's

main street, China's official

Xinhua news agency said today. Among the fastest, it said, are North Korea's Go Chu-sen,

American Robert Hodge, and

Canadian Donald Howison also

is entered along with runners from

Australia, Kenya, Tanzania, Italy,

China's national record holder,

Xu Liang, has run the 42.195-

kilometre (26.16-mile) foot race

Sweden, Finland and China.

in 2:13:32.

Inge Simonson of Norway.

China's first

in September

testors invaded the pitch.

The eight-week South African

landing.

police said.

One New Zealand player was

CKLAND, New Zealand, Sept. 12 (R) — New aland snatched victory over South Africa four nutes into inury time in the third Rugby Union ernational here today after the teams had braved ow-flying aircraft hail of flour bombs, smoke mbs and anti-apartheid leaflets.

FLAT FOR RENT

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1 the University Road, near the Adventists camp entr-

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ed 1977. Mileage 40,000 kilometres. Duty unpaid.

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COURSES OF ITALIAN LANGUAGE

he Italian Embassy announces the opening

i the registration for the courses starting on

or information contact the Italian

mbassy. Tel. 38185 during the fol-

14th - 19th September

1st - 6th October

FOR RENT

ocation: University Road, before the hospital.

eluxe flat consisting of two bedrooms, salon and

ining room, kitchen, two bathrooms, verandas, cen-

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MERICAN WOMEN OF AMMAN will hold

reir first meeting on Sept. 14, at the Ameri-

an Centre Club from 4 - 6 p.m. All American

omen and wives of Americans are welcome.

'ednesday 7 October 1981.

AAIIII :

wing period:

ious battles between police xk-throwing demonstrators appeared the worst rioting w Zealand's history today ht the South African rugby if the country to a bloody

-pughout the tour, thousands ew Zealanders protesting g South Africa's apartheid policy have staged demonas in an attempt to bring the . African visit to a halt. least 45 people were taken to jal and 148 arrested after ted demonstrators carrying s tried to break through

: lines and stop the final

match of the tour, police said. The fighting swirled through streets around the Eden Park Stadium in Auckland as demonstrators hurled rocks, bottles, flares and fireworks and police replied with baton charges.

Two people in a light plane also swooped low over the stadium throughout the game, dropping leaflets, flour bombs and flares and some demonstrators also reached the pitch. But the match continued with only minor interruptions and New Zealand won 25-22, taking the series by two games to one.

New Zealand's police chief,

country. Other New Zealanders also called the riots unprecedented. After the clashes in Auckland's residential streets, some demon-

Robert Walton, said he believed it

was the worst street violence in the

history of this normally placed

strators lay bleeding or semiconscious in driveways or on pavements. A doctor said some had serious injuries, including internal damage.

Protest leaders said police had unnecessarily attacked demonstrators, but Mr. Walton said his men had done a magnificent job. 'We took a pounding but upheld the rule of law," he said.

Protestors attacked a transmitting station in Auckland, New Zealand's biggest city, and interrupted television transmission of the game to South Africa and New Zealand's South Island. They also marched, mainly peacefully, in other New Zealand cities.

Mr. Walton said more than 2,000 of the country's 5,000 police were used today. Demonstrators tried to block streets around the Eden Park Stadium and some fought with spectators.

Around 6,000 marchers converged towards the ground but most remained peaceful. Some carried a coffin and wreaths to mark today's anniversary of the death in South African police custody of black nationalist Steve Biko.

Police protecting the ground lined up by barricades made of barbed wire, rubbish skips and shipping containers. At one stage. demonstrators overturned a parked car they believed was an unmarked police car and tore a

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By Vinson

#### GOREN BRIDGE

EY CHARLES H. GOREN ©1981 by Chicago Tribuna

:h vulperable. South deals. NORTH +K976 VAJ

0 10743 **◆** X 72 EAST Veid **+QJ8** ♥ K 973 0652 893 110853 **4** J96 SOUTH

+ A 105432 ♥ Q5 OAJS

**\*A4** e bidding: th West North East Page 3 4 Page Page Page Page thing lead: Four of ♡. `

"I know that, in the past, ou have written that

layers who complain about bronic bad luck usually need ) brush up on their play. But 70k at this misfortune I ennuntered on a recent deal. 'hich is typical of the way hings have been running for re lately at the table. "We reached an excellent

our spade contract in quick ime. A heart was led and I inessed the jack, which lost o the king. Back came a diaaond, and the finesse of the inc lost to the queen. I won; he heart return in dummy and tried the king of spades, mly to learn that I had a rump loser as well. So I took

a second finesse in diamonds and, naturally, that lost.

"I went down one, but look at what had to go wrong: Trumps had to break 3-0; the heart finesse had to lose; and both diamond honors had to be wrong. I am not enough of a mathematician to work out the probabilities, but to me it seems devilishly unlucky.

"A Faithful Reader" Yours is indeed a harrowing tale, and must be close to the unluckiest we have come across in some time. We say close, because despite the unfortunate distribution, you should still have made your contract.

If you can hold your diamond losers to one, you can afford to lose a trick in each major. Therefore, you should win the ace of hearts at trick one. Now a trump to the ace reveals the sad news in trumps, but you can prepare for an end play.

Cash the ace-king of clubs and ruff a club, then cash the king of spades. Now simply exit with a heart. If the finesse would have succeeded, West must win this trick and must then either lead a heart or a club, giving you a ruff-and sluff, or a diamond. In all cases, you lose only one diamond.

As the cards lie, East wins the king of hearts. He can cash a spade winner if he chooses, and then shift to a diamond. You insert the nine. West wins the queen, but again he is end played. He must yield a ruff-and-sluff or lead a diamond into the acejack. Again, your contract is

Yesterday's

### Caesars Palace to witness boxing battle of speed vs. power

LAS VEGAS, Nevada, Sept. 12 (R) — It will be a battle between Sugar Ray Leonard's quickness and guile and Thomas Hearn's height and power in Wednesday's undisputed World Welterweight Championship bout at Ceasars Palace here.

Not since Muhammad Ali met Joe Frazier for the first time more than 10 years ago has a bout featuring fighters of such talent and such divergent styles generated as much anticipation as this multimillion-dollar extravaganza.

Leonard, the World Boxing Council (WBC) champion, was a 7-5 on favourite over Hearns, the World Boxing Association's (WBA) welterweight king, as late as Wednesday, but now Las Vegas oddsmakers have made it a dead even fight.

The fight is likely to depend on the effectiveness of Hearn's left

"The key will be my left jab and Ray's attempts to get past it," said

Hearns, a 22-year-old from Detroit. "He'll find that difficult." "The key will be Ray squickness, which will offset Hearn's left," said Angelo Dundee, Leonard's trainer.

Leonard agreed, saying: "My quickness and mobility will nullify Hearns." Hearns enters the bout unbeaten in 32 fights, 30 of which he won

inside the distance. Most of the knockouts were executed with his right, set up by a left jab. At six feet one inch (1.85 metres), he is three inches (seven centimetres) taller than Leonard. His reach of 781: inches (1.99

metres), extraordinary for a welterweight, is four and a half inches (11 centimetres) longer than Leonard's. "I've got the tools," said Hearns. "If he sticks and moves I'll cut off

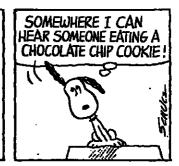
the ring. If he's just standing or coming to me he'll be in even bigger trouble. Either way, I won't have any trouble hitting him."

#### **Peanuts**



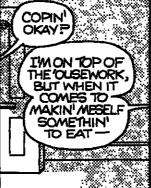






### **Andy Capp**









### Mutt 'n' Jeff









30 A Kelly

32 Short

33 Com -

34 Cherish

-- out

Tatter

38 Musical

44 Method

47 Aunt: Sp.

foods

empire

peasant

language

Long-plumed

Ancient

54 Ottoman

45 Also

48 Fover

(supplem

instrument

41 Surpassed

in gener-

31 Fragrance

sketch

#### FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, SEPT. 13, 1981

## YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day to carefully consider what your goals are and to work out a sensible plan to gain them. The day grows better as it advances so try to avoid any drastic actions early.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Morning is not a good time to ask for favors from friends, so wait until later in the day. Attend the social tonight.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Be sure not to argue with an outsider who could give you trouble today. A good time to attend a thwhile group meeting.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Seek advice from expert. on how to improve yourself so that you can get ahead faster. A good time to plan a trip.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Don't give up present commitments and take a chance on something that could prove worthless. Make future plans.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Know what it is that associates expect from you and do your best to please them. Avoid the limelight today. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) The afternoon is the best

time to do a favor for one who has been good to you in the past. Show more devotion to loved one. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Attending the services of

your choice and meditating can make this a most happy day for you. Relax at home tonight. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Pleasing family members is your first responsibility today, although outsiders may

want to occupy some of your time. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Be sure to attend services that will be helpful to you. Later engage in favorite hobby with congenials. Strive for happiness. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) You have much per-

sonal work to do now, so clear up small tasks first for best results. Later tackle the most important. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Take time to improve your appearance. Later you can easily gain a personal goal

with the help of a good friend. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Don't take any risks today with your good reputation. Make plans to have increased income in the days ahead.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will have a great need to be gregarious and upon maturity your progeny will want to deal with others successfully since the life's work here is connected with the humanities. Love for religion is in this chart.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

#### THE Daily Crossword by Sophie Fierman

68 Fatique

Important

74 Basketball

DOWN

1 Longs 2 in the red

3 Liberace's

4 — throat

6 Spinning

7 Soup

instrument

5 Tokyo sash

#### 32 Pomp 37 Brought out 69 Bear's 39 Oddball milieu 1 Egyptian snakes 5 Sky path 40 Pester 70 Comes close 10 Unruly 42 Lotto-like 71 Bit of

**ACROSS** 

crowds 15 Endured 16 Ring stone 17 ice crystal covering 18 Words of

50 Outdo 52 By way of reproach 53 Phrase of 20 Eagles 22 One — time 59 Unwind 23 Attack

24 Look before leaping 27 High priest 28 River in

63 Butt **64 Big** 65 Phrase preceding advice Scotland 29 Before now

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

43 Put money

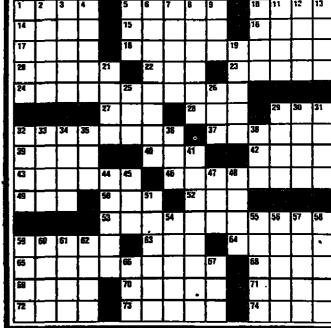
49 Golf mound

46 Collector

8 Decorated. 9 A Kennedy 10 Astronaut's goal 11 Musical composition 12 Vile 13 Place for a token 19 Harnessed together

59 Food grain 60 Great distance Shout of acclaim Mates of

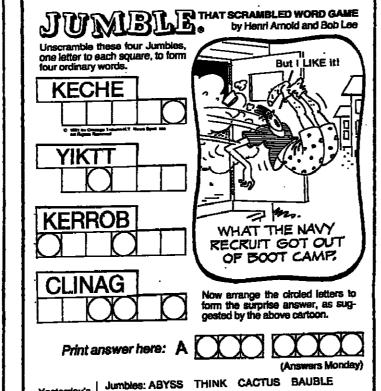
66 Genetic 26 Formerly letters 29 Maple tree 67 Defense



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"His plans are too well oiled gears.'



Answer: How the two choir singers first got acquainted—BY "CHANTS"

# 

# Moscow launches propaganda war in attempt to check Solidarity

WARSAW, Sept. 12 (R) — The Polish Communist Party daily Trybuna Ludu today raised the prospect of the independent trade union movement Solidarity losing its legal status.

senior politburo member as saying the movement appeared increasingly bent on seizing power.

The intensified campaign against Solidarity followed the first stage of the union's national congress, in which it openly challenged Poland's Communist rulers with calls for free elections and demands for a referendum on worker control over factories and other radical changes.

Trybuna Ludh referred to unsuccessful moves during the congress to strike out a clause in the union's statutes which uphoids the principle of Communist supremacy in Poland.

The supreme court granted Solidarity legal recognition after

The newspaper also quoted a accepting a compromise solution to a dispute over the clause acknowledging the supremacy of the

> The union had objected to a district court decision that the clause should be an integral part of its statutes, and offered to add it instead as an annex. This was accepted by the supreme court.

Communist Party.

Politburo hard-liner Stefan Olszowski told party activists in a speech reported by Trybuna Ludu that those among them who had joined the union were increasingly disillusioned.

Mr. Olszowski stopped short of a blanket condemnation of Solidarity, saying it was necessary to rebuff the movement's extremists

affiliated independent students union claims the largest following but that the ruling party was still on the campus. The campaign is the first indication of Kremlin desire to rally active public support behind its condemnation of the Polish

> In Moscow, the Soviet news agency TASS today published a

Horn of Africa in particular.

Established in 1979 with the

backing of Ethiopia, Somalia's

arch-enemy in the horn. SOSAF

has waged an increasingly effec-

tive hit-and-run campaign against

the Somali army, with operations

concentrated on areas along the

border with the disputed Ogaden

region. "Until recently, the Som-

worker rights to the defence of

The addition of the word social

was in keeping with the union's

vision of its broadened role in soc-

iety for which it has assumed func-

tions far removed from normal

congress in Gdansk were freely

some 9.5 million out of an indus-

trial work force of some 12 mil-

lion. Among its ranks are one mil-

In the countryside the union has

a sister organisation, Rural Sol-

idarity, which claims a mem-

bership of several million private

farmers. And a Solidarity-

The delegates to the Solidarity

Solidarity has a membership of

worker and social rights.

union activity.

elected by workers.

lion Communists.

reform movement.

strongly-worded open letter to committed to a policy of peaceful Polish workers saying the defence of Socialism was the "common One change approved by the sacred duty" of the Soviet and Polcongress amended a clause on the ish peoples. union's role from the defence of

The letter, approved by a meeting of workers at Leningrad's Kirov engineering plant, appeared to be part of a mounting officially-sanctioned domestic campaign against the independent trade union Solidarity.

Meanwhile, the Soviet Union said its forces had completed major military exercises near Poland's frontiers today.

Forces participating in the exercises, code-named "West-81", were returning to their bases, it

#### Bangladesh aide sees Mrs. Gandhi

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12 (A.P.) -Prime Minister Indira Gandhi and visiting Bangladesh Foreign Minister Muhammad Shamsul Huq agreed today that their countries should try to patch up neighbourly differences and be better friends.

They pledged "constructive" and "practical" efforts to solve their disagreements over common

# Central authority cut by new French bill

PARIS, Sept. 12 (R) — The French national assembly today passed a bill to reduce centralisation in France, ending a system of government devised by Napoleon which concentrated power in Paris.

The decentralisation bill provides for directly-elected regional councils which will be able to approve local government decisions without referring them to the

It was passed after an all-night session by 329 votes to 129 and now goes to President Mitterrand

to be signed into law. The bill was one of the first of a series of measures before the assembly which the new president hopes will change the foundations of the French Republic. Further

and reform the local tax system. The Socialist-dominated assembly has already stripped powerful local prefects representing the Paris government of

their authority. It changed their titles to commissioners. Giving more economic and political power to locally and regionally-elected officials was a central plank in the Socialists' election campaigns earlier this

Mr. Mitterrand argued that centuries of growing paternalistic rule from Paris had stifled development in the regions.

Under the system now being reformed, the prefects had virtual veto powers over all local government measures. Critics said this system, set up by Napoleon 180 years ago, caused long delays bills will strengthen town councils in implementing decisions.

## Bangkok to crack down on the 'Golden Triangle'

CHIANG MAI, Thailand, Sept. 12 (A.P.) — Thailand is planning the first major destruction of opium poppy fields grown by hilltribesmen in the notorious "Golden Triangle," Thai and Western

officials say. U.S. narcotics officers describe Thailand as perhaps the only place left in the world where opium-from which heroin is refined-is illicitly grown in areas

Thai government has been reluctant to destroy the opium fields, fearing this might drive the hilltribe minorities into the arms of Communist insurgents. "I'm not terribly happy about this action but we are determined

under government control. The

to wipe out the narcotics trade," Chiang Mai governor Chaiya Poonsiriwong said in an interview. The United States, the major contributor to Thai anti-narcotics

programme, had over the past few months clearly shown its displeasure.

Mr. Chaiya said that 10 villages in Chiang Mai province had been selected as targets for opium destruction which would take place in late October or early November when the plants were about one foot tall. He said the villagers would be warned twice before teams would come in to cut down the lucrative crop.

The 10 targeted villages have been aided by a U.N. crop replacement development project, but Mr. Chaiya noted that even in these areas family incomes were well below what is regarded as subsistence level in Thailand.

Resolution against S. Africa postponed

will be the death of him," she said.

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 12 (R) — The United Nations General Assembly last night decided to postpone until Monday a vote on a resolution calling for sanctions against South Africa for failing to grant independence to Namibia (South West Africa) The draft is certain to be adopted by an overwhelming majority, The vote was postponed after Algeria introduced a number of last minute amendments on behalf of the 62 sponsors of the resolution. The amendments do not change the basic thrust of the

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Argentine admiral turns junta member

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 12 (R) — Admiral Jorge Isaac Anaya took command of the Argentine navy and automatically became a

member of the country's ruling military junts as the navy's most

senior officer. He replaced Admiral Armando Lambruschini who

retired yesterday at the end of his maximum three year command

The commanders of Argentina's three armed forces form the

junta which took power in March 1976 after a military coun

Archbishop of Chicago faces scandal

CHICAGO, Sept. 12 (R) — Cardinal John Cody, one of the best-known Catholic clergymen in the United States, paid a screet

salary from church funds to a long-time woman friend who did no

obvious work for the money, the Chicago Sun-Times has charged.

Cardinal Cody, 73, archbishop of Chicago, has already denied

through a spokesman a series of related allegations. He refused to

comment any further on yesterday's Sun-Times report. The

woman in the story is Helen Dolan Wilson, a St. Louis divorcee.

now 74. The Sun-Times said she was secretly paid for six years and her salary rose from \$7,200 in 1969 to 11,500 in 1969. Several

church employees said they never saw her working, the paper

said. Federal prosecutors acknowledged yesterday that they were

investigating allegations by the Sun-Times that Cardinal Cody had diverted as much as \$1 million of church money to Mrs.

Wilson. Mrs. Wilson responded that the charges were a "vicious

joke" which could endanger the life of the ailing cardinal. "This

overthrew the government of Maria Estela Peron

#### Chinese ministry to be abolished

PEKING, Sept. 12 (R) — One of China's more shadowy government agencies, officially called the Eighth Ministry of Machine Building, is to be abolished after being in existence for only two years, official Chinese media has disclosed. The latest session of the standing committee of China's parliament decided to merre it with its sister organisation, the equally secretive Seventh Ministry of Machine Building. No explanation for the merger was given China has never announced the exact responsibilities of the machine-building industries, but most are connected with industries making defence equipment. For example the now-abolished Eighth Ministry was reliably reported to be in charge of the space industry. The seventh handles missiles and rockets. The Peking telephone directory lists a number only for the first machine building industry, which is in charge of machines for civilian industries and hence the least sensitive.

#### Norwegian premier loses popularity

OSLO, Sept. 12 (R) - Norway's first woman prime minister and Labour government leader, Gro Harlem Brundtland, seems to be heading for defeat in Monday's general election, according to the latest independent opinion poll. The poll found Labour was still the most popular single party but had attracted only 35.5 percent of the vote compared with 42.3 per cent at the last election four years ago. The opposition Conservative Party, led by economist Kaare Willoch, has drawn almost level with Labour with 32.1 per cent against 24.8 in 1977, the poll showed. With the centre (Agrarian) and Christian People's parties, the Conservatives would probably form the next government, political sources said. Labour, which has ruled Norway by minority governments since 1973, could lose 13 of its 76 seats in the 155-member Storting (parliament), they said.

#### Parents and grandparents simultaneously

MIAMI, Sept. 12 (R) - An uncle and his niece, born on the same day in the same hospital, made Julio Delgado a father and a grandfather, his wife Conchita a mother and a grandmother, and their daughter, Carmen Ruiz, a mother with a new baby brother. Mrs. Delgado, 40, gave birth to her eighth child, Luis at Miami's Mercy hospital according to a spokeswoman. The same day Mrs. Ruiz, 19, the Delgados' second daughter, gave birth to a girl who will also be christened Carmen.

## Violent crime in America up 9 per cent in 1980

WASHINTON, Sept. 12 (A.P.) — There was a murder every 23 minutes and robberies occurred at a rate of one a minute as crime in the United States rose 9 per cent last year, the FBI has reported.

The bureau's annual uniform crime report said 13 million serious crimes were reported last year in this country of 227 million, a level 55 per cent higher than a decade earlier.

According to the report criminals escaped being apprehended in about four out of five crime cases committed in 1980, with an arrest rate of 19 per cent for all serious crimes.

Suspected offenders were taken into custody in 44 per cent of all violent crimes, but only 16 per cent of suspects were held in crimes against property, which outnumber violent crimes by nearly 10 to

Arrests were made in 72 per cent of the murder cases and 49 per cent of the rapes, but only in 14 per cent of motor vehicle thefts and

burglaries. The report said the nation's overall crime rate rose four times faster last year than the population.

Year-to-year increases in the crime rate are not unusual. The 1980 increase of 9 per cent compares with rises of 9.1 per cent in 1979, 2 per cent in 1978. A decrease of 3 per cent in 1977, no change in the

rate in 1976 and a 9.8 per cent increase in 1975. The report reflected increases last year in each of seven categories of major crimes.

Compared with 1979 figures, murders in America rose 7 per cent. forcible rapes 8 per cent, robbery 18 per cent and aggravated assault 7 per cent. Among serious non-violent crimes, burglary was up 14. per cent, larceny and theft 8 per cent, and motor vehicle theft 2 per cent, the FBI said.

Murders killed 23,044 people - one out of every 10,000 residents of the country.

The FBI said law enforcement agencies have little control over homicides, citing data showing that 51 per cent of murders in 1980 were committed by relatives or accountances of the victims. Since per cent involved members of the family and half of those involved. person killing his or her spouse. Robbery was given as the motive in 18 per cent of murden

narcotics in 11 per cent, sex crimes in 1.5 per cent. Arguments accounted for 45 per cent of murders, with romantic triangles. accounting for 2.3 per cent.

## Turkish leader promises a selective democracy

ANKARA, Sept. 12 (R) — A year after the military seized power in Turkey, head of state Gen. Kenan Evren has reiterated his administration's dedication to the restoration of a parliamentary democratic system.

In a year-end speech broadcast on the national media today, Gen. Evren, head of the five-man National Security Council (NSC) which toppled the civilian government last Sept. 12, summarised pre-coup conditions in Turkey as well as the military's 12 months in

Gen. Evren said a timetable for the steps for a return to civilian rule would only emerge after a constituent assembly begins functioning on Oct. 23.

The constituent assembly. which he said was the first step of a systematic restoration of democracy, will be composed of the selected members and the NSC acting as an upper house. It will be charged with drawing up a new/

Gen. Evren had earlier announced that general elections would be held following the enactment of these fundamental

The military leaders have excluded all former politicians from participating in the first elections and Gen. Evren said today it would be unthinkable to allow. former political groups to continue their old differences. Gen. Evren said: "In spite of the successes won against widespread violence, the struggle must go on."

29.929 political offenders were now in jail. Of these, 24,300 were formally charged, 3,731 under detention and 1,898 were con-

Speaking on foreign policy, the head of state said Turkey under as well as other agreements.

ceremonies have been scheduled

sary and used pictorial reminders of last year's bloody violence which was claiming an average of

to mark the coup anniversary. paper have headlined the anniver-

20 lives a day.

Libya emerges as main arms source to Somali anti-government guerrillas

Gen. Evren said a total of President Mohammed Siad Barre, according to Western diplomatic sources and a high-ranking rebel victed, he said.

the military administration has rebels of the Somalia Salvation remained true to its principle of a Front (SOSAF) throws into sharp peaceful foreign policy and its obligations to the NATO alliance focus Col. Qadhafi's efforts to extend his influence in black Africa in general and the troubled

Apart from Gen. Evren's speech, no official functions or

NAIROBI, Sept. 12 (R) — Libyan leader Col. Muammar ali army was our biggest supplier of arms -- arms we captured from them," SOSAF official Hirsi Qadhafi has emerged as the chief Magan said in a recent interview supplier of weapons to guerrillas outside Kenya. "But now Libya is fighting the Somali government of

our major source of weapons." Mr. Magan declined to specify the nature and quantity of arms supplied by Libya but Western diplomatic sources said they Libyan military support for ranged from Soviet-made A.K.-47 assault rifles and RPG-7 grenade launchars to light mortars.

Mr. Magan, a senior political officer attached to a fighting unit inside Somalia, said Libya had started delivering military bardware to SOSAF about six months ago and supplies were continuing.

capital of Addis Ababa last month, Col. Qadhafi said he saw it as his duty to support guerrillas fighting President Barre because "the leaders in Mogadishu have eration.

sold their country as a base to American imperialists." Under an access agreement

negotiated with president Barre last year, the United States can use the port of Berbera in the gulf of Aden as a base. Berbera, built by Somalia's former Soviet allies, has not only naval facilities but also one of longest airfield runways in

Earlier this year, the administration of President Reagan decided to supply Somalia with weapons, chiefly anti-aircraft equipment, worth some \$50 million.

in response to the growing U.S. military presence in the Indian Ocean and the Gulf, Libya, South Yemen and Ethiopia signed a tripartite pact last month whose provisions included the establishment of a joint defence council to coordinate military coop-

added.

The impression of events made available to the Soviet public by the press attacks is that Poland is in the grip of anarchy and that the authorities are powerless to curb the forces of Western-controlled counter-revolution.

Moscow could undermine its authority in Eastern Europe, they

"The average Soviet reader would inevitably be surprised that nothing had been done about it and would wonder what action Moscow was going to take," one diplomat said.

Other analysts said Moscow may now be worried about appearing to be a "paper tiger" if it limited itself to verbal attacks and took on

# Solidarity seen by Moscow as major political force after congress

WARSAW, Sept. 12 (R) - Poland's Solidarity free trade union has emerged from the first stage of its national congress with a powerful challenge to traditional communist rule.

In demanding free elections, Solidarity has served clear notice that it has moved beyond labour concerns and is now seriously in the business of building a new form of socialism. The implications for the future of the Soviet bloc are far-reaching

and can be measured by the vitriolic tenor of reaction from Poland's neighbours after the congress's first week. Warsaw diplomats say they believe the threat of military intervention, heightened by Soviet manoeuvres close to Poland's borders

during the past week, may no longer be relevant. They say the momentum for reform in Poland is now so strong that it is even questionable whether it can be realistically stopped by

Moscow sending in troops. "The sort of force necessary to stop this cannot bear contemplation," a Western diplomat observed. Intervention would fail to eliminate the causes of the Polish unrest

which have found common expression in Solidarity, a unique movement in the Soviet bloc, diplomats said. In Gdansk this week Solidarity finally shed any pretence that it is merely a labour federation as delegates representing nearly 10 million members and perhaps another 10 million sympathisers drew up

what was in effect a political programme. More demands are likely when the 892 delegates meet again on Sept. 26 for the second stage of the congress. The union called for free elections to the Sejm (national par-

liament) and regional councils and instructed its executive to draft a law which would guarantee complete electoral freedom. In a two-pronged attack on the present parliament, which was chosen before last year's eruption and which Solidarity does not

regard as representative, the union also threatened to ignore its legislation. Genuinely free elections, even if only for a specially created second chamber, would mean a de facto transfer of political power by exposing the communists, with less than three million members, to

near certain defeat, diplomats said. Some delegates at the Gdansk Solidarity congress argued that the process had already begun and that they, not the Sejm deputies, were the authentic representatives of the people.

The battle for free elections is likely to start in earnest in time for local council polls in February. Elections to the Sejm are not scheduled till 1984. The union made it clear in its congress declaration that the fight to

democratise Polish life and break communist supremacy would be pressed also on other fronts. Poland, with its free trade union, independent Catholic Church

and private farmers, is already a long way from the political pattern of the Soviet Union, where the Communist Party is all-powerful. Solidarity has said it will press for control of the food industry, control of the mass media, the right for all Poles to leave the country, and for an end to a system which reserves top industry jobs almost

exclusively for loyal party members. In Moscow, the fury of Soviet attacks on Solidarity this week show the Kremlin's patience with developments in Poland is wearing very thin, Western diplomats said.

Moscow's attacks were its fiercest since the Polish union was founded over a year ago. The latest, printed in all Soviet newspapers, today, branded the Gdansk meeting an "anti-socialist and anti-Soviet orgy".

But diplomats said it was not the harsh language so much as what the commentaries left out that made them ominous. Gone were previous careful attempts to direct all criticism of the

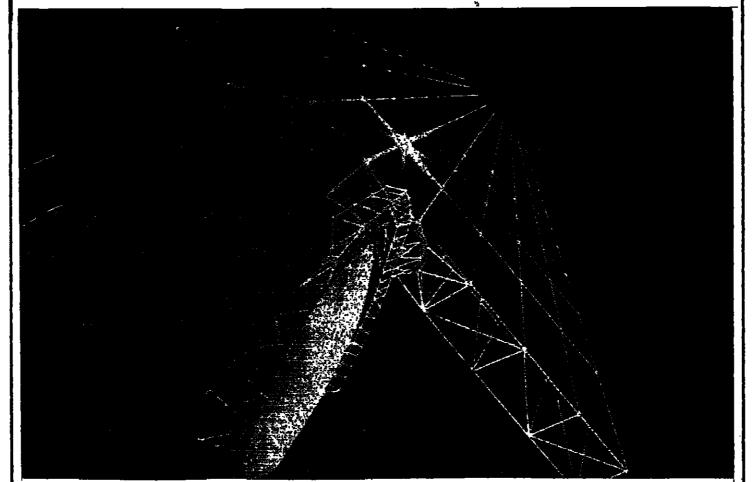
10-million strong union towards an unspecified group of "extrem-

ists" in the leadership. Instead Solidarity as a whole was condemned as a counter-revolutionary group ready to "make a grab at power". Absent also was any expression of confidence or support for the hard-pressed Communist leadership in Warsaw.

The omissions made clear that Moscow had given up any hope of Solidarity subordinating itself to Communist rule, the diplomats said. The Soviet leadership apparently no longer saw any point in urging the authorities in Warsaw to get tough with the union and try to curb its activities, they added.

There has been little sign that other East European governments fear the birth of a rebellious labour movement. But the Kremlin might consider that the "insolence" of Solidarity's attitude towards

# Energy collector in space



Looking lika a giant abstract sculpture, this solar power satellite would provide 5,000 megawatts of electrical power to a ground receiving station. Under study by NASA and the Department of Energy, it

has a solar collector area of 50 square kilometres. Multiple launch vehicles flights and construction in space will be required to make such a satellite operational.